The Columbian.

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WHOLESALE ARRESTS AT CENTRALIA.

Warrants were served on one hundred and twenty striking miners at Centralia Tuesday by Sheriff Daniel Knorr and Deputy Bruce Black. They were arrested on charges of rioting and unlawful assembling. The disturbances occurred at Centralia Thursday night and Friday morning, when a number of men, a great many of them leaders in the miners' organization, probably two or three hundred in all met at the Lehigh Valley depot and made an attempt to prevent the pumpmen employed by the Lehigh Valley Coal Company at Packer Colliery from going to work.

Information was lodged by Coal and Iron Policeman Ferdinand Steinmetz, Friday night and the warrant was issued by Justice of the Peace Guy Jacoby on Saturday.

When the men became aware of the fact that Sheriff Knorr and his deputy Bruce Black were in town with warrants for their arrest they hurriedly called a meeting and unanimously agreed to accept the situation peaceably and to insist on being brought to Bloomsburg for a hearing. The determination to have the hearing held at Bloomsburg was an unexpected turn for the sheriff and he was at his wit's ends to know how to procure sufficient conveyance to bring them over. After considerable difficulty he succeeded in getting thirteen teams, and the start for Bloomsburg was made about two o'clock Wednesday.

The procession headed by the Centralia Band, the members of which figured in the disturbances arrived in Bloomsburg about seven o'clock in the evening. Amid the strains of "Marching Through Georgia," and cheers for Mitchell and the Union, the train moved up to the Court House where the men got out. A number of them went to the office of their counsel Judge Herring, for consultation. At eight o'clock they were arriagned before 'Squire Jacoby for a hearing. The Court room was a perfect jam. The prisoners occupied the first three rows of seats, while interested spectators filled the others. The aisles were all congested and many were unable to gain admittance at all.

Ikeler & Ikeler and W. C. Johnston represented the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, and Judge Herring the miners.

The first witness was R. S. Mercur, division superintendent of the Lehigh Coal Company. He testified that on Thursday evening two or three hundred men met at the railroad station for the purpose of stopping the pumpmen employed at the Packer Colliery from going to work. They informed him that their organization had decided to stop any further work at the mines. They would request the men to quit work, and if this failed other means would be employed. When the train reached the station, he was pushed rudely to one side, while two of the leaders made speeches to the pumpmen. Several of the pumpmen made an effort to get away but they were held and forcibly detained. The witness said he wished to call special attention to the intimidation and underhand threats made.

The mod was at the station again Friday morning, and prevented the men from going to work. Only three got on the train. Others were collared and held. There was considerable loud talk, and threats, but there were no weapons of any kind used.

Capt. John Porter, deputy sheriff of Centralia, was sworn. His testimony was corroborative of th at of Mercur. The men, he said, were unruly but used no violence.

Other witnesses called by the prosecution were Ferdinand Steinmetz, a member of the coal and iron police, William Mensch, an Engineer on the Lehigh Valley Railroad and George George and John Eisenhower, employees at the Packer Colliery. This evidence was all in support of Mercur's story.

For the defense John O'Donnell was the first to testify. He said that a crowd numbering about one hundred went to the station and asked the men to quit work. They met Capt. Porter who urged them not to go and informed them that more than three was a mob. They also met Mercur with whom they argued their rights to be there. No one was struck, there was no vio-

[Continued on 8th page and Col.]

KRICKBAUM TESTIFIES.

His Deposition In Bond Issue Taken Before Judge Little on Tuesday.

A decision in the bond issue case may be looked for soon. The testimony of Commissioner William Krickbaum, whose illness prevented him from being present at the hearing, and for which Judge Little has been waiting was taken in open court on Tuesday. There was scarcely any one in the Court room during the proceedings except those directly interested in the case. Neither was all the counsel present. Fred T. Ikeler and Grant Herring, the former for the plaintiff and the latter for the defense looked after the interests of the respective sides, lone handed.

Commissioner Krickbaum began his testimony by stating that he was present at a meeting of the Commissioners and A. Z. Schoch held in the bank building. He conversed with Mr. Schoch in regard to the county bonds at four per cent bringing a premium. Mr. Schoch was of the opinion that at this price the county would realize more than at 3½ per cent and the bonds would have a readier sale. "I was under the impression," continued Mr. Krickbaum, "that this was to be a public letting of the bonds and my recollection is that Mr. Schoch expressed a desire to bid on the bonds."

At the hearing in the case two weeks ago, Commissioners Kitchen and Fisher stated that the manner of sale of the bonds had never been discussed or even considered by the Board of Commissioners. "Oh that," said the witness, "is certainly a mistake. It was my full understanding that the bonds were to be put up at public sale at a rate we fixed on which was 3½ per cent." Mr. Krickbaum was positive that 3½ was the price agreed upon, because he had made a note of it at the time, in a minute book which he kept.

In cross examination, Mr. Krickbaum said that in reply to Mr. Schoch's question, "I suppose, gentlemen, you will give us a chance to bid on the bonds?" he had answered in the affirmative. He didn't recollect any subsequent interview with Mr. Schoch on the subject.

The Commissioners, he said, had settled on nothing but the percentage. No resolution touching upon the matter had been passed.

Mr. Herring then referred to the testimony of the other Commissioners in which they said that the manner in which the bonds were to be sold had never been discussed. "Do you mean to say, Mr. Krickbaum, that this is not true?"

"I am not responsible for what they said," returned the witness, "It is certainly a mistake."

This closed the testimony.

EYER—MILLER.

Rev. A. A. Long of Shamokin Officiates at Afternoon Wedding.

Franklin Eyer of Bloomsburg, and Miss Elizabeth Miller of this city, were married Wednesday at the home of the bride, 1502 North Fourth street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. A. Long, of Shamokin, formerly pastor of the Memorial United Brethren Church, of this city.

Miss Gertrude Miller, a sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and Robert Carl was the best man. Robert Miller, a nephew of the bride, was page and Miss Fannie Zeiders played the wedding march.

After an Eastern trip, Mr. and Mrs. Eyer will be at home at Bloomsburg. Mr. Eyer is an insurance man and his bride was formerly a teacher in the city schools.—Harrisburg *Patriot*.

Benton Democratic Meeting.

Although it was a stormy night the public hall at Benton was well filled on Tuesday evening when the first Democratic meeting of the campaign was held. Russel Karns was made chairman, and C. S. Hirleman and C. B. Ikeler secretaries The Benton Band furnished good music and excellent speeches were made by Col. J. G. Freeze and John G. Harman, Esq.

Coal Shipped as Salt.

Coal shipped as salt is the latest extremity to which consumers are driven as a result of the coal strike. Last week a Sunbury merchant received ten barrels of the precious fuel, which was picked from a coal bank by Mt. Carmel strikers and shipped in barrels labeled salt.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business September 15th, 1902.

[IN BUSINESS THREE YEARS.]

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Investments,	$374,615.61	Capital Stock, -	$60,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures, -	8,000 00	Surplus and Profits, (Net)	41,017.73
Cash and Reserve, -	81,500.29	Circulation, - -	58,700 00
		Individual Deposits, -	300,084.06
		Bank Deposits - -	4,312.11
	$464,113.90		$464,113.90

A. Z. SCHOCH, President. WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier.

[Read My Ad on 5th Page.]

Hawkes Cut Glass

ranks with silver and gold articles which have name and reputation for intrinsic value, artistic designs and faultless execution for gifts.

Hawkes Cut Glass

is clearer and more brilliant than other makes.

You will find a choice assortment at

J. Lee Martin,

Jeweler and Optician.

Telephone 1842.

J. G. Wells' Special Gun Sale.

A first class single barrel gun, self ejector. This is a good one $4.48.

—o—

Special price on double barrel hammer guns $7.98 up to $18.00.

—o—

Don't miss this one.

New Worcester Double Barrel Hammerless Gun $19.40.

—o—

Hunting Coats, Leggins, Shell Vests, Belts, Etc.

—o—

J. G. Wells,

General Hardware,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

HYMENEAL.

A very pleasant home wedding took place in Orangeville on Sept. 24. The contracting parties were Mr. J. Boyd Anderson of Shickshinny, and Miss Mary E. Houtz, only daughter of Rev. A. Houtz.

The parlor was tastily decorated with fern and flowers. Suspended from the ceiling was the monogram: "B and M." At 3:30 p. m. Miss Ruth Anderson, sister of the groom began to play the wedding march. At this signal the bridal party descended the stairs and entered the parlor with measured steps. Eight young ladies who constituted the S. S. Class of the bride, led the procession. As they entered the parlor they divided into two single files, and holding a drooping white ribbon in their hands, formed an aisle through which the bride and groom passed to the officiating ministers. The ribbon aisle was a beautiful feature and was expressing the love and devotion of the young ladies to their S. S. teacher.

The marriage was solemnized by the father of the bride, assisted by Rev. G. E. Limbert of Danville. The congratulations were hearty and the presents numerous and beautiful. The following guests who were present included the relatives and intimate friends of the bride and groom and the S. S. Class of the former.

Orangeville—Misses Mary A. Achenbach, Luella Henrie, Retta McCollum, Bessie Appleman, Lillian and Alma Kisner, Mary Lois DeWitt, Carrie Sharpless, Susie Fairman, Sarah Laubach, Alice Smith, Allie and Lizzie Patterson, Lilly Mosteller, Hellen Vance, Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Patterson, Aaron Patterson, Mrs. Jane Mosteller and Howard K. Houtz. Stillwater—Mr. and Mrs. Oliver McHenry. Benton—Dr. and Mrs. I. E. Patterson, Dr. and Mrs. I. L. Edwards. Danville—Rev. and Mrs. G. E. Limbert and son Paul, Mrs. S. Jane Houtz, Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Williams and Miss Anna Williams. Broadheadville—Mrs. Hattie Mengle and Miss Mary E. Mengle. Scranton—Mr. Alfred B. Houtz. Centre Mills—Misses Eva and Rebecca Moyer. Freeland—Mrs. Sarah Breah. Pottsville—Miss Jennie Patterson. Shickshinny—Dr. and Mrs. M. B. Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. J. Baldwin Anderson, Misses Ruth Anderson, Elizabeth Hughes and Cora Koons, Messrs. Gryon P. Anderson, Arthur B. Anderson, William R. Anderson, Edgar E. Anderson, and Russel H. Anderson.

This Ought to Work for Good.

The very latest thing in raising funds for churches, fire companies and other organizations is "The Mind Your Own Business Club." The members pledge themselves to pay fines for any violations of the rules which prohibit talking about neighbors, friends and relatives. The parent body has headquarters in New Jersey, but branches have been formed in many Pennsylvania towns, and a large revenue is expected or a change in the conduct of many members can be looked for. A branch of the organization in Bloomsburg would be a winner. Here's a chance to replenish some depleted treasury.

Rain Stopped the Circus.

Welsh Bros., Circus did not exhibit in Bloomsburg last Thursday. The heavy rain which began on Wednesday continued throughout Thursday and made it so disagreeable that the showmen thought it best not to make any attempt to give a performance. They had raised the big tent, but took it down again. Public judgment seemed to sustain the wisdom of their move. They went from here to Hamburg where according to reports they entertained two large audiences the next day.

Wanted Something to Eat.

Nelson Welliver of Jerseytown, made himself obnoxious while in town on Monday, and as a result got into trouble. He entered a home on Center street and demanded something to eat. He was expelled from the house, but his senses were deadened by the use of strong drink and he laid down on the porch and went to sleep. Chief of Police Knorr was sent for and removed him to the lockup. He was arraigned before Mayor Townsend Monday evening. He manifested remorse and promised to do better, whereupon he was allowed to go.

LONG OR SHORT

Men Of All Sizes

Are fitted here. We have suits that will fit the largest or the smallest man in town. We request the men who are under size or over size to come here before they conclude that there is no clothing made that is just their shape. We have Overcoats, Suits and Trousers made to fit men who think they cannot be fitted. Our "Stouts and Slims" are a special feature of our business. So we say, come along you men of abnormal sizes. Here are clothes for you, made in every good style of right fabrics, and no extra charge on account of your size. Glad you read this ad, arn't you?

Ben Gidding

The Clothier,

Bloomsburg, Penn'a.,

Corner Main and Center Sts.

—o—

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

The Leader Department Store,

4th and Market Streets.

THE SAFEST AND BEST PLACE TO BUY GOODS.

Broadcloth 1.00

Colors, Green, Garnet, Castor, Blue, Black.

Cheviots 50c.

All Wool, 38 inches wide. Newest Shades.

Waistings 50c.

Striped Albetros, All Wool. Were 75 cents.

Waistings 95c.

All Wool. Fine Albetros plain and striped.

Swansdown 1.65,

Entirely new for tailor made suits. Blue, Brown, Grey and Black.

Etemine 90c.

For Suitings 54in. wide, all wool very stylish.

Half Wool Carpet 50c.

A good handful for little money.

Ingrain Samples 25c.

All wool, yard wide. Nothing better for cheap rug.

THE LEADER STORE,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

COAL STRIKE TALKS

President and Cabinet Officers In Long Conference.

SEEKING MEANS TO END STRUGGLE.

Situation Seems to Present No Case Which Warrants Federal Interference—Question of a Receivership Considered.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The president has taken initiative steps to ascertain what if anything can be done by federal authority to settle the coal strike.

The result was a rather general expression of opinion by the advisers of the president who were parties to the conference to the effect that the federal laws and constitution did not afford means of federal interference to end the strike, but another conference will be held, and the president will do all he can properly and legally do to bring about a settlement.

At the temporary White House a conference was held with three cabinet officers, Attorney General Knox, Secretary Moody and Postmaster General Payne. Governor Crane of Massachusetts was also present. These gentlemen met with President Roosevelt first, and after the subject had been considered for some time they adjourned to another room and conferred together for an hour. They all returned later in the day and held another conference with the president, and the strike situation was discussed further.

President Roosevelt is deeply concerned over the situation. The approach of winter, with a coal famine imminent and the distress and suffering that must ensue unless coal becomes available, presents a situation which he thinks should receive the attention of the administration if there is anything that can be done by the government. Many appeals have been made to him, and many suggestions have been received by him, and it was with a view to ascertain what if anything could be done that the conferences were held.

The tenor of the whole discussion was to the effect that there was a lack of power in the federal administration to take any action at the present stage of the strike, although the seriousness of the coal famine now and the much greater evils soon to follow were considered at length and with a wish to discover some method of ending the industrial deadlock.

Troops Sent to Another County.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 30.—The Fourth regiment has been added to the state force of troops on duty in the anthracite strike region. Sheriff Dietrick called upon General Gobin last night for troops to suppress the rioting in Northumberland county. The general called up Governor Stone by telephone and stated the situation, after which the governor ordered out the Fourth regiment. A portion of the regiment will be located at Shenandoah and the remainder at Mount Carmel. Two of the companies of this regiment have been in the field for two months.

Many Strikers Arrested.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Oct. 1.—Sheriff Knorr of Columbia county arrested 127 strikers at Centralia. They were charged with rioting and inciting to riot. The sheriff attended a special meeting of the Centralia local union of United Mine Workers, at which the 127 men were surrounded. Hearings in the cases will be held at Bloomsburg today.

Record Price For Coal.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 1.—A record price for anthracite coal was set in this city when a prominent manufacturer purchased four tons for $100. A great many large manufacturing concerns are so seriously handicapped by the lack of fuel that unless relief comes quickly they will be obliged to suspend operations, in part at least.

Bread Follows Coal.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Along with the price of meat and coal and milk, the bakers announce that the price of bread is to be advanced 1 or 2 cents a loaf.

Sites For Exposition Buildings.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 1.—Under a lowering sky and swept by a chilling wind more than 1,000 persons, delegations from different states and spectators, witnessed the ceremonies in connection with the allotment of sites for the federal and state buildings at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition grounds. Sites for the government buildings and state buildings of Missouri, Louisiana, Texas, Illinois, Ohio, New Jersey, Kentucky, Arkansas and Wisconsin were presented and accepted. Each site was marked by a red staff bearing a flag facsimile of the state seal and a silk American flag.

Five Hundred Bodies Found.

ROME, Sept. 29.—Advices received from Sicily show that the tempest that worked such damage in that island is still raging. Details of the storm multiply the number of deaths. On the east coast 370 bodies have been recovered, and the sea continues to give up corpses which were swept down from the interior. It is estimated that 500 bodies have already been recovered.

Tungchou College Opened.

PEKING, Sept. 30.—The college at Tungchou, province of Chili, which was destroyed in 1900, and where 145 Christians were massacred, has been reopened. Forty-eight officials and 8,000 Chinese who were once Boxers and who now reside in the Tungchou district participated in the opening ceremonies. The college received many congratulatory gifts.

A SECOND OPERATION.

President's Leg Treated With Knife Bone Slightly Affected.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Another operation has been performed on the abscess on the left leg of President Roosevelt. In the former operation a simple needle was used to relieve the trouble, but yesterday the surgeons with a knife made an incision into the small cavity, exposing the bone, which was found to be slightly affected. The president's case has been progressing satisfactory, but it is believed by the physicians that the further operation made will hasten his complete recovery.

While none of the doctors is willing to be quoted, they give the most positive assurances that there is not the least cause for alarm and say that, on the contrary, there is every indication of a speedy recovery, that the area of bone affected is very slight and will not result in any impairment of the president's limb and that there is no evidence whatever of any matter that would produce blood poisoning. They confidently expect that the president will be on his feet within a reasonable time and with his robust constitution to assist recovery soon will be himself again.

The operation was performed by Surgeon General Rixey, assisted by Dr. Lung, in consultation with Surgeon General O'Reilly and Drs. Shaffer, Urie and Stitt.

The President Gaining.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The president is reported to be doing nicely. He maintains his cheerful and buoyant disposition, the wound continues to heal, and Dr. Lung announces that the case is progressing satisfactorily.

DIPLOMATIC CHANGES.

A Batch of Appointments Announced at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The following important diplomatic appointments have been announced from the state department:

Charlemagne Tower of Pennsylvania, now embassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Russia, to be embassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Germany.

Robert S. McCormick of Illinois, now embassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Austria-Hungary, to be embassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Russia.

Bellamy Storer of Ohio, now envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Spain, to be embassador extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Austria-Hungary.

Arthur S. Hardy of New Hampshire, now envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Switzerland, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Spain.

Charles Page Bryan of Illinois, now envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Brazil, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Switzerland.

David E. Thompson of Nebraska, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Brazil.

These appointments are to take effect when Embassador White leaves Berlin in November.

Improved Financial Conditions.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—The stock market, which closed utterly demoralized Monday as a result of stringent monetary conditions and other unfavorable circumstances, made a sensational recovery yesterday. The chief causes for the complete reversal were the action of the secretary of the treasury in removing the restraint on bank reserves and persistent reports from various quarters that the coal strike had at last reached the point where negotiations for a settlement were actually under way. Another influence for better prices was the decline in call money rates, though during the morning loans were made as high as 19 per cent. A large part of the day's loans was made at around 10 per cent, and the rate at the close went down to 2. Secretary Shaw's visit to the street and his talks with the leading banking interests helped in no small measure to restore confidence. Local banks loaned moderately.

General Roe Injured.

HIGHLAND FALLS, N. Y., Oct. 1.—Major General Charles F. Roe, commanding the state national guard, has been badly injured. He was horseback riding, as is his usual daily custom, and when opposite the summer home of J. P. Morgan his horse stumbled, and the general was thrown forward, striking his head upon a bowlder in the highway. When assistance came, he was unconscious. He was conveyed to his house, and Dr. Glennon of the Cadet hospital at West Point was hurriedly sent for.

Floods In Iowa.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 1.—Serious flood conditions are reported all over southern and southeastern Iowa as the result of excessive rains varying from two to five inches. Rivers are swollen out of bounds, and heavy property loss is reported. In several cases rivers approach the high water mark of last spring. One man is reported drowned near Agency.

French Novelist Asphyxiated.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—Emile Zola, the well known novelist of the realistic school who gained prominence in recent years because of his defense of the Jews and of former Captain Dreyfus, has been found dead in his Paris house from asphyxiation.

General von Gossler Dead.

DANTSIC, Prussia, Sept. 30.—General von Gossler, formerly Prussian minister of war, is dead here. General von Gossler was born in 1841. He was appointed minister of war Aug. 14, 1896, and resigned the office Aug. 22 of this year.

COLER HEADS TICKET

Democrats at Saratoga Chose Him For Leader.

DEVERY CAUSES SOME TROUBLE.

Leader of Ninth New York District Denied Place on Temporary Roll, but Likely to Be Seated.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Oct. 1.—The ticket promulgated from the headquarters of Senator Hill and which will probably be named by the Democratic state convention today is as follows:

For governor, Bird S. Coler of Kings; for lieutenant governor, Charles N. Bulger of Oswego; for comptroller, C. M. Preston of Ulster; for secretary of state, Frank H. Mott of Chautauqua; for attorney general, John Cunneen of Erie; for engineer, Richard W. Sherman of Oneida; for treasurer, D. J. Van Auken of Ontario; for judge of the court of appeals, John C. Gray of New York.

This was the result of a long conference of many of the state leaders, in which Senator Hill and Hugh McLaughlin took a leading part. Others

BIRD S. COLER.

present were William F. Sheehan, John L. Shea, Elliot Danforth, Frank Campbell, Charles N. Bulger, Samuel Beardsley, Eugene Woods, Andrew Hamilton, Senator Sullivan, Perry Belmont, A. A. McLear and Martin Littleton.

The most important news, which comes from semiofficial sources, but still lacks authorization, is, first, that the committee on platform has decided to declare for a 1,000 ton barge canal, and, second, that the committee on credentials, to avoid further trouble, will seat the delegation headed by William S. Devery.

It was almost 12 o'clock before the delegates to the state Democratic convention began to move toward the hall. The big auditorium was almost bare of decoration, and there were no signs to show where the various county delegations sat.

At 12:32 o'clock State Chairman Frank Campbell called the convention to order and announced the selection of John B. Stanchfield of Elmira to be temporary chairman. Mr. Stanchfield was freely applauded as he spoke.

At the close of Mr. Stanchfield's address the temporary roll of delegates was read.

When the Ninth New York was reached and Goodwin's name was read as the second delegate, there was a volley of hisses, and in an instant the convention was in an uproar, hisses and cheers alternating, but all through it could be heard the monotonous call of the roll as the clerk went on reading. W. S. Devery was all the time on his feet, waving his hat and shouting for recognition. Women on the side waved handkerchiefs and parasols and urged him on. The gallery, evidently filled with Devery men, cheered Devery until the entire roll had been called. At the end of the roll call Devery said, amid cheers:

"I rise to request a privilege, Mr. Chairman. I ask the question of privilege from this convention. The Goodwin delegates should not be seated as regular delegates. I want honest politics. The rights of the people must be protected. Mr. Chairman, anything you may do under the rules is all right, Mr. Chairman, I call your attention to the fourth amendment of the United States constitution. Anything you do after this will be illegal. The people must be protected."

Earthquake Killed a Thousand.

LONDON, Sept. 26.—A dispatch from Allahabad to the Times quotes a report from the Kashgar correspondent of the Pioneer, who describes a severe earthquake on Aug. 22. Many villages were wrecked in the northern part of the province, and about a thousand people lost their lives. The most striking feature of the earthquake was a pronounced rise in temperature after the shock. The intense heat continued for a week.

Stromboli Volcano Active.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—A dispatch to the Figaro from Rome says the volcano on Stromboli island, off the north coast of Sicily, has been active for several days past. A large conical mass has appeared on the edge of one of the craters, and a fissure at the base of this crater is pouring out lava and jets of flame to a height of 300 yards.

City of Mexico Shaken.

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 26.—An earthquake shock has been felt here. Although appearing to be a light one and causing little alarm, it cracked a large number of buildings, and the police reports show that the water pipes burst in several streets. The earthquake was quite sharp in Puebla.

ANNUAL PENSION REPORT.

Nearly a Million Names Now on the Roll.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The annual report of the commissioner of pensions, Eugene F. Ware, just made public, shows that the number of names on the pension rolls still is under the million mark despite a net gain of 5,732 pensioners since 1898. The total enrollment July 1 last was 999,446 against 997,735 last year. The total comprises 738,809 soldiers and 260,637 widows and dependents. The aggregate includes 4,695 pensioners outside the United States.

The number of death notices of old soldiers not now in the service received by the bureau during the year was 50,128, but only 27,043 of them were pensioners.

The report says that the death rate among the pensioners for the coming year will be about 40,000, and the losses to the rolls from other causes will be about 6,000. The total amount paid for pensions during the fiscal year was $137,504,268, and the yearly cost of operating and maintaining the bureau and the agencies outside of the payment of pensions proper aggregates $3,590,529. The pension system, says the report, since the beginning of the government has cost $2,992,509,019, exclusive of the establishment of the soldiers' homes. The pension disbursements by the United States from July 1, 1790, to June 30, 1865, were $96,445,444.

Floods Do Great Damage.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Heavy rains have caused Esopus and Wallkill creeks to overflow their banks, doing damage to crops amounting to over $15,000. In the Catskill mountains all brooks are now torrents. Bridges have been carried away on the line of the Ulster and Delaware railroad, causing a tieup and a loss of $25,000. The New York, Ontario and Western railroad loses over $30,000 by the washing down of embankments. The new Ellenville and Kingston railroad is covered with six feet of water. The total damage in this section is estimated at $100,000.

Earthquakes In Guatemala.

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 30.—The steamer Managua, which has arrived here from Central American ports, reports serious earthquakes on Sept. 23, extending from Puerto Barrios to San Tomas, Guatemala, and from Little river to Belize, British Honduras. The shocks lasted three minutes and were simultaneous all along that coast. From the seismic movement it is believed Guatemala city was in the center of the disturbance.

Sharkey Indicted.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Thomas J. Sharkey, who was arrested on the charge of causing the death of Nicholas Fish, the banker, in an altercation at Eighth avenue and Thirty-fourth street on Sept. 15, has been indicted on a charge of manslaughter in the first degree.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Stock Quotations.

Money on call, 15@19 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 6 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8625@4.8675 for demand and at $4.8225@4.82625 for 60 day bills. Posted rates, $4.83@4.83½ and $4.86½. Commercial bills, $4.82½@4.82¾. Bar silver, 50¾c. Mexican dollars, 40c. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds strong. Closing prices:

C.,C.,C. & St. L.	103½	Pacific Mail	42¾
Del. & Hudson	177⅝	People's Gas	104¾
Erie	40¾	Reading	71½
Gen. Electric	187	Rock Island	198½
Lackawanna	273½	St. Paul	194
Lead	29¾	Sugar Refinery	127
Louis. & Nash.	148¾	Texas Pacific	47⅝
Manhattan Con	137½	Union Pacific	106⅞
Missouri Pac.	115¾	Wabash pref.	51
N. Y. Central	158	West. Union	93⅞
Ontario & West.	34⅞		

New York Markets.

FLOUR—Fairly active and steady on spring patents; Minnesota patents, $3.75@4; winter straights, $3.35@3.45; winter extras, $2.80@3; winter patents, $3.55@3.85.

WHEAT—Steady on a moderate trade, being helped by foreign buying of the May option; December, 73@73 5-16c.; May, 74@74½c.

RYE—Steady; state, 54@54½c., c. i. f., New York; No. 2 western, 58½c., f. o. b., afloat; No. 2, 54@54½c., track.

CORN—Opened steady on rains and cold weather west, but reacted under profit taking sales; December, 51⅝@51½c.; May, 45⅞@46c.

OATS—Opened steady and then eased off with corn; track, white, state, 32@37c.; track, white, western, 32@37c.

PORK—Steady; mess, $18@18.75; family, $20.50@21.

LARD—Dull; prime western steam, 10.80c., nominal.

BUTTER—Firm; state dairy, 17@21½c.; extra creamery, 22½c.

CHEESE—Firm; new, state, full cream, small, colored, fancy, 12c.; small, white, 12c.; large, colored, 11¾c.; large, white, 11¾c.

EGGS—Steady; state and Pennsylvania, average best, 22@24c.; western, candled, 21@23c.

SUGAR—Raw firm; fair refining, 3c.; centrifugal, 96 test, 3½c.; refined firm; crushed, 5.20c.; powdered, 4.80c.

TURPENTINE—Firm; 42½@50c. bid.

MOLASSES—Firm; New Orleans, 30@40c.

RICE—Steady; domestic, 4¼@6¼c.; Japan, 4⅝@4¾c.

TALLOW—Firm; city, 6¼c.; country, 6¼@6¾c.

HAY—Quiet; shipping, 55@70c.; good to choice, 90@95c.

Live Stock Market.

CATTLE—Market lower; prime, $6@6.50; choice, $6.80@7; good, $4.75@5.50; veal calves, $7.50@8.

HOGS—Market lower; prime heavies, $7.65@7.75; mediums, $7.50; heavy Yorkers, $7.25@7.30; light do., $7@7.15; pigs, $6.75@6.75; skips, $3@4; roughs, $6@7.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market lower; best wethers, $3.60@3.75; culls and common, $1@1.75; choice lambs, $5@5.25.

1902 OCTOBER. 1902

SUN.	MON.	TUES.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.
....	....	....	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....

The October Lippincott's Magazine.

"Lippincott's Magazine" for October contains a complete novel and many short stories. The novel, by Mary Moss, is entitled "Fruit Out of Season." Miss Moss has a happy way of plunging into the story she has to tell at the first page, without a tiresome introduction, and the interest thus caught is held unbroken to the last word.

Marie Van Vorst's stories run in the order of good, better, best. This, her latest, called "The Primrose Way," in the October "Lippincott," excels anything she has yet published, which is praise indeed. It is both pathetic and amusing; dealing with the sex which is "weak and easy flattered." A sharp contrast is presented in the story contributed by Cy Warman entitled "The Persecution of a Pup," which is a powerful animal story. Alfred Stoddart's hunting tale entitled "The Witch of the Hunt," is about a daring girl, a race, and what came of it. "Passing the Love of Woman," by Cyrus Townsend Brady, is the story of a temptation such as seldom falls to man's lot. It is a fine example of Mr. Brady's master-hand. Clinton Dangerfield's "The Master of Fate" is distinctly original in scheme. The sole survivor of a shipwreck, cast upon an island, finds a dozen friends who had met the same fate one year before. George Hyde Preston's burglar story, called "Gratsy," is a little gem.

A timely paper by J. G. Rosengarten, contains in brief form much information about "American History from German Sources." Eben E. Rexford, title about "The Home Greenhouse;" and an interesting travel-paper by J. W. Davies is called "By Coach through South Africa."

The verse of the month is up to the usual high standard of "Lippincott's Magazine." The humorous department, called "Walnuts and Wine," may be described this month by saying, "It is to smile."

Nearly scrapple time.

CATARRH AND HAY FEVER.—Liquid Cream Balm is becoming quite as popular in many localities as Ely's Cream Balm solid. It is prepared for use in atomizers, and is highly prized by those who have been accustomed to call upon physicians for such a treatment. Many physicians are using and prescribing it. All the medicinal properties of the celebrated Cream Balm are contained in the Liquid form, which is 75 cts. including a spraying tube. All druggists, or by mail. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

The political bee is buzzing.

A VETERAN'S STORY.—George Lewis, of Shamokin, Pa., writes: "I am eighty years of age. I have been troubled with Catarrh for fifty years, and in my time have used a great many catarrh cures, but never had any relief until I used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. One box cured me completely." 50 cents.—13

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

The punt of the pigskin is heard in the land.

HER HEART LIKE A POLLUTED SPRING.—Mrs. James Sprigley, Pelee Island, Ont., says: "I was for five years afflicted with dyspepsia, constipation, heart disease and nervous prostration. I cured the heart trouble with Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and the other ailments vanished like mist. Had relief in half an hour after the first dose."—14

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

A dead beat can generally be told by the touch.

RUBY LIPS and a clear complexion, the pride of woman. Have you lost these charms through torpid liver, constipation, biliousness, or nervousness? Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills will restore them to you—40 little "Rubies" in a vial, 10 cents. Act like a charm. Never gripe.—15

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

If idleness is a disease it must be contagious.

SALT RHEUM, TETTER, ECZEMA.—These distressing skin diseases relieved by one application. Dr. Agnew's Ointment is a potent cure for all eruptions of the skin. Jas. Gaston, Wilkesbarre, says: "For nine years I was disfigured with Tetter on my hands. Dr. Agnew's Ointment cured it." 35 cents.—16

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Any fellow who uses his feet can walk with a measured tread.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Station D, Phila., Pa.

Bloomsburg Fair.

Single fare for the round ttip, via Philadelphia and Reading railway, to Bloomsburg from Williamsport, Tamaqua and intermediate ticket stations on direct line, via Catawissa branch; also from Mahanoy City, Ashland and intermediate ticket stations. Tickets will be sold for all trains October 7 to 10, inclusive, and will be good for return on all trains until Saturday, Oct. 11, inclusive. No ticket sold for less than 25 cents. Special ttrains Thursday and Friday, October 9 and 10, as follows:

STATIONS.	Fare	Train Leaves A. M
Newberry,	$1.67	7.42
Williamsport,	1.61	7.55
Montoursville,	1.50	8.02
Halls,	1.54	8.11
Muncy,	1 25	8.16
Montgomery,	1.10	8.24
Allenwood,	.96	8.31
White Deer,	.90	8.35
New Columbia,	.81	8.40
Milton,	.75	8.32
West Milton,	.75	8.50
Pottsgrove,	.61	9.02
Moorsburg,	.48	9.12
Bloom Street,	.29	9.26
Danville,	.29	9.31
Bloomsburg, (Arrive)		9.57

RETURNING:—Special train will leave Bloomsburg 6 10 p. m. for Milton and Williamsport, stopping at intermediate ticket stations and at Bloom Street.

STATIONS.	Fare.	Train Leaves A. M
Ashland,	$1.85	7.48
Girardville,	1.78	7.54
Mahanoy Plane,	1.72	8.00
Mahanoy City,	1.54	8.14
Tamaqua,	1.53	8.15
Barnesville,	1.38	8.25
S. M. Junction,	1.37	8.30
Quakake,	1.26	8.41
Lofty,	1.17	8.50
Brandonville,	.92	9.07
Ringtown,	.78	9.17
McAuley,	.69	9.44
Mainville,	.52	9.51
Catawissa,	.15	10.04
Bloomsburg, (Arrive)		10.18

RETURNING:—Special train will leave Bloomsburg 5.30 p. m. for Tamaqua stopping at intermediate ticket stations and connecting at S. M Junction with regular train for points west.

THE WATCHWORD OF WOMEN.—Modesty is woman's watchword. Whatever threatens her delicate sense of modesty, frightens her. For this reason many a woman permits diseases of the delicate womanly organs to become aggravated because she cannot bring herself to submit to the ordeal of unpleasant questionings, offensive examinations, and obnoxious local treatments, which some physicians find necessary. Doubtless thousands of the women who have taken advantage of Dr. Pierce's offer of free consultation by letter, have been led to do so by the escape thus offered from a treatment repugnant to modesty. Any sick woman may write to Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., in perfect confidence; all letters being treated as strictly private and sacredly confidential, and all answers being sent in plain envelopes with no advertising or other printing upon them. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has been long hailed as "a God-send to women." It makes weak women strong and sick women well. "Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine or other narcotic.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.	RETAIL PRICES
Butter, per pound	$ 24
Eggs, per dozen	22
Lard, per pound	15
Ham, per pound	16
Beef (quarter), per pound	6 to 8
Wheat, per bushel	1 00
Oats, do	35
Rye, do	60
Flour per bbl.	4 40
Hay, per ton	14 00
Potatoes, (new), per bushel	50
Turnips, do	40
Tallow, per pound	06
Shoulder, do	11
Side meat, do	12
Vinegar, per qt	05
Dried apples, per pound	07
Cow hides, do	3½
Steer do do	05
Calf skin	80
Sheep pelts	75
Shelled corn, per bushel	90
Corn meal, cwt.	2 25
Bran, cwt.	1 30
Chop, cwt.	1 60
Middlings, cwt.	1 40
Chickens, per pound, new	12½
do do old	10
Turkeys do	12½
Geese, do	12
Ducks, do	08
COAL.	
Number 6, delivered	3 50
do 4 and 5 delivered,	4 45
do 6, at yard.	3 10
do 4 and 5, at yard	4 25

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.
DEALERS IN
Cigars, Tobacco Candies, Fruits and Nuts
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.
PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.
SOLE AGENTS FOR,
F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco
Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:
Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash
Bloomsburg Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF
CARPET, MATTING,
or OIL CLOTH,
YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT
W. H. BROWER'S
2 Doors above Court House.
A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

1/2

At one HALF THE COST

Lion Coffee

has better strength and flavor than many so-called "fancy" brands.

Bulk coffee at the same price is not to be compared with Lion in quality.

In 1 lb. air tight, sealed packages.

Reduced Rates.

The Bloomsburg & Sullivan R. R. Co. will run an extra train on account of the Bloomsburg fair on Thursday and Friday, October 9th and 10th, 1902. Excursion tickets including admission to the fair will be sold at reduced rates at all stations commencing October 7th good to return Monday, October 13th, 1902.

Good accommodations will be provided and every effort made to have trains on time. Indications are that the coming fair will be the great event of the season, no pains have been spared by the association to make it attractive, interesting and profitable to all.

Hon. Robert E. Pattison, Democratic nominee for Governor will be at Bloomsburg, Thursday, October 9th, and deliver an address.

Please notice the following schedule of additional train and reduced rates including admission. Special train south will not run out to D. L. & W depot, but will stop at Fifth street.

Leave Jamison City,	7:35 a m.	Fare
including admission,		$1.30
Central,	7:40 a. m.	1.25
Lauhachs,	7:56 a. m.	1.15
Coles Creek,	8:05 a. m.	1.05
Edsons,	8:09 a. m.	1.00
Benton,	8:14 a. m.	.95
Stillwater,	8:25 a. m.	.85
Zaners,	8:35 a. m.	.80
Forks,	8:40 a. m.	.70
Orangeville,	8:52 a. m.	.55
Light Street,	9:02 a. m.	.45
Paper Mill,	9:05 a. m.	.40
Fifth Street,	9:20 a. m.	

Note:—On Oct. 9th extra train will leave foot of Main street for Jamison City at 8:30 p. m., or immediately after the address of ex-Governor Pattison.

On Oct. 10th, extra train will leave D. L. & W. depot at 4:50; P. & R., 4:53: Main street, 5:00 p. m. for Jamison City. D. W. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

Leases, 3c each, 30c a dozen. Notices to quit, 10c a dozen. For sale at this office. tf.

Eels Caught by Thousands.

The continued rains of last week caused a rise in the river and brought joy to the hearts of those who fish for eels. The soft finned creatures are now on their way down the river and it is estimated that from the numerous dams below Sunbury, at least 10,000 eels were taken from the river Friday night. A gentleman, residing at Herndon, informed the COLUMBIAN representative Saturday evening that a single person had caught over 2000 on Friday before midnight, and that several other catches of from 1,500 to 1,800 had been reported. He said the people residing along the river in that vicinity, pickle the eels for winter use.

Football.

Game between Bucknell and the Carlisle Indians at Athletic Park, Williamsport, Oct. 11. Half fare for round trip.

Finds Buried Treasure.

About fifty years ago, Lewis the robber and highwayman, of Fulton county, Pennsylvania, buried a whiskey bottle containing 100 $50 bank notes and ten $5 gold pieces in a field near Roy's Hill. He did not carefully mark the place and never recovered his buried treasure. On Saturday last H. F. Mellott ploughed up the bottle. He did not notice the bottle until about to cover it with a second furrow.

Lewis was one of the most desperate highwaymen and counterfeiters that ever operated in Fulton county. He kept himself hidden in caves in the mountains when pursued by officers, and in one almost inaccessible cave he operated a complete counterfeiting plant.

HOW'S THIS?—We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Proprs., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's family pills are the best.

THE STATE AT A GLANCE.

—The Williamsport poor authorities are contemplating the colonization of the city's dependent poor this winter to reduce the amount of fuel required.

—State Treasurer Harris is just now making glad the hearts of school districts. Last week he paid out $1,000,000 of school funds, this week he is paying out another million, and next week he will pay out a third $1,000,000.

—A new political party has come into existence. Dr. Moses Stearn of Philadelphia, on Monday filed at the State Department nomination papers for Congress in the Third district on the "Liberal Sunday Law" party ticket.

—Ill-fated Johnstown is now scourged with smallpox. The city treasury is empty because of expenses in caring for patients. The schools have been ordered closed by the Board of Health until it can get control of the disease. The number of cases is not given, but it is known to be nearly one thousand.

—County Treasurer William O. Thompson of York, charged with embezzling funds to the amount of $73,576, was arrested Thursday morning, and placed under bail of $50,000. Thompson waived a hearing, and will take his case direct to the October grand jury. He was arrested on ten specific charges, a warrant having been sworn out on each separate offense.

Considerable excitement prevails near the dividing line between Susquehanna and Bradford counties, where a certain religious sect predict that the world will come to an end before the close of the coming month. A number of farmers have left their homes, turning their stock out on the commons, and are living in camp. Many will not sow their fall grain and say they will not put a single grain or seed in the ground, as the Lord is certainly coming this year. A few of the most sanguine have made ascension robes.

A New Swindler.

A new swindler is capturing some of the New York farmers. A man comes around offering a patent wagon tongue. The farmer does not buy, but the agent leaves the tongue to be called for in a few days. Shortly another of the gang comes and sees the tongue, is very favorably impressed with it and offers $400 for it. The farmer thinks he sees his chance to make some money, sends the first man $250 for the right to handle the tongue, and that is the end of the matter. Man No. 2 disappears and seeks new fields to conquer.

Do Not Want River Coal.

"River coal," said a wholesale dealer in bituminous coal at Harrisburg on Monday, "doesn't seem to be a favorite in New York and Philadelphia. I am offered eight cars of river coal a day and have tried every prominent hard coal dealer in those two cities, but they would have none of it, saying they would rather take bituminous at double the price. I did have an offer from Chicago, to which point the freight would be $4.50 a ton, but I did not accept it."

Gave $10 to Man Who Found $15,000.

A man who had lost a wallet containing $15,000 while coaching near Glen Summit, Luzerne county, is rejoicing over its return at a cost of $10. He had dropped it in the road two miles from the hotel and it was found by Nathan Mills, an employe of Posten Bros., liverymen, who hurried to the hotel with it. The owner commended his honesty and gave him $10.

Decision Affecting Teamsters.

A Pennsylvania court holds that a driver of a wagon with all curtains down to keep out the rain was guilty of contributory negligence, because he only glanced out once in approaching a cross street, to see whether a car was coming. The court declares it is a driver's duty to be on the lookout for an approaching car, and, when on the street, to continue to look until the track is reached.

George F. Baer Gives Coal to Charity.

President George F. Baer, of the Reading Railway Company, has sent twenty-three tons of anthracite coal as a gift to the General Hospital at Lancaster. He also sent a supply of coal to the Ann C. Witmer Home for aged women. President Baer's daughter, Mrs. William N. Apple, was a patient at the General Hospital after the driving accident in which she was so seriously hurt a few weeks ago.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., postoffice, and will be sent to the dead letter office Oct. 14, 1902. Persons calling for these letters will please say "that they were advertised Sept. 30, 1902":

Mr. Geo. Cleman, Mr. F. W. Midgley, Segnor Mudels Quaniere.

One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

J. C. BROWN, P. M.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, September 29, 1902.

President Roosevelt returned to this city last night, having been obliged to discontinue his western trip because of an injury received in the accident at Pittsfield, Mass. Secretary Cortelyou states that the President is not suffering from the operation, which he was compelled to undergo at Indianapolis as a result of his injury at Pittsfield, Mass., and it is believed that a brief but complete rest will entirely restore him to health. There is evident a general feeling of relief in Washington at the excellent condition in which the President arrived here as it was feared that he would prove to be in a more serious condition than the bulletins stated. Personally, Mr. Roosevelt is held in the highest esteem by the members of all parties and his death would be regarded as a national calamity. Not only is this true because of the regard which his manly personality has elicited on all sides, but it is also due to the fact that were anything to happen to Mr. Roosevelt, he would be succeeded in the White House by that dilletante invertebrate, the present Secretary of State. The death of President McKinley and the two narrow escapes of President Roosevelt, have served to call public attention to the fact that in the event of the death of both the President and the Vice-President, the person to succeed them would be one selected by the President and who might never have received the suffrage of a single citizen for any office, a most anomalous condition of affairs.

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Now that the public is reassured of the welfare of Mr. Roosevelt, it may be stated that there is considerable relief felt by the republican managers that his western trip was interrupted. Chairman Griggs of the democratic Congressional Committee recently made public a statement in which he said that the President was doing yeoman's work for the democratic party and that opinion is largely held by the President's political associates. His utterances in regard to the trusts, in the light of the unwillingness of the republican party to adopt any remedy which would afford genuine relief from the trust evils, were bound, sooner or later, to result in a vastly increased democratic vote. His statement on the tariff question proved entirely unsatisfactory to the western people. They were palpably lacking in enthusiasm and in certainty of conviction. To the most casual observer, it was evident that the President's personal convictions were not expressed in his utterances and he is a poor dissembler. It has reached your correspondent, from private sources, that the people at Logansport manifested their disappointment in the President's position on the tariff most unmistakably. His idea of submitting tariff revision to a non-partisan commission is not new but it is chimerical. It was tried during the Arthur administration with entirely unprofitable results. It was demonstrated then that Republican congressmen would not accept the cut and dried recommendations of a civil commission. The tariff is a local issue, and when tariff revision is undertaken in Congress every Congressman strives with mighty effort to preserve or increase the duties on these schedules in which his own constituents are interested.

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The New York convention has met and, as that is the President's state, its convention has a national interest. The effort of the republican press to make it appear that there are serious differences between Senator Platt and Governor Odell is most amusing to those acquainted with the inside facts. Governor Odell is too shrewd a politician to quarrel with the "easy boss," into whose shoes he is preparing to step. While Senator Platt is still a strong political power in his state, it is evident to all who see him that his physical condition will soon make his retirement from active politics imperative, and when he retires Governor Odell will be his successor. To the close observer, however, it is evident that, with a view of misleading the general public, there is a pretence of friction between the two republican leaders. This was first occasioned by the spreading of the report that Odell was the "puppet" of Platt and subsequently both have found it a matter of great convenience in opposing measures urged by their friends, to make the other the apparent factor in accomplishing the defeat of those measures. The New York convention indorsed President Roosevelt and recommended his nomination in 1904. The trust question is referred to in the most general terms and a statement to the effect that the bad trusts must be circumvented is included, although there is no indorsement of Mr. Roosevelt's scheme for federal control. The only reference to the tariff is a reaffirmation of the benefits to be derived from protection.

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The statement is given out at the Pension office that the pension roll of the United States has passed the million mark. At the end of the fiscal year but 554 names were lacking to make the figures reach a million, but those and more have been added since, the grand total now being over 1,001.000, this being the largest number ever on the rolls of this country. Pension Commissioner Ware is showing exceptional ability in the administration of his arduous office but already there are 15,600 appealed cases on his files and it is regarded as more than probable that the time is not far distant when he will incur the same opposition which resulted in unseating Pension Commissioner Evans.

***

An order just issued by the War Department provides another link in the chain which is being constructed for the education of officers in the regular army. By the provisions of this order, there will be established at every army post a school for the further education of officers, including all lieutenants, and captains who have served not more than ten years. At these schools, the officers will be required to spend not less than ninety days during each of two consecutive years, and at the end of the second term, examinations will be held and those who pass satisfactorily will be issued certificates which will attest their proficiency in their respective lines.

Centre County Fair at Bellefonte.—Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On account of the Centre County fair at Bellefonte, Pa., October 1 to 3 the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Bellefonte and return on the above dates, good to return until October 4, inclusive, from Renova, Williamsport, Wilkesbarre, Mt. Carmel, Sunbury, Harrisburg, Lancaster, Columbia, York, Johnstown, Lewistown Junction, and intermediate stations, and from all stations on the Tyrone and Altoona divisions, at reduced rates (minimum rate, 25 cents.) 25-2t

Silk tassels and pencils for programs for sale at this office. tf.

HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil

THE PILE OINTMENT.

One Application Gives Relief.

It cures Piles or Hemorrhoids—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning, Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

It cures Burns and Scalds. The relief instant.

It cures Inflamed or Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples. Invaluable.

It cures Salt Rheum, Tetters, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils. Corns, Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of insects, Mosquito Bites and Sunburns.

Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and $1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent pre-paid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., NEW YORK.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In effect Jan. 26, 1902.

STATIONS.	EAST. A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M
Northumberland	10 35	1 50	10 00	15 25
Cameron	6 47	12 01	10 10	15 34
Danville	6 57	2 11	10 19	5 43
Catawissa	7 10	2 23	10 32	5 56
Rupert	7 16	2 29	10 37	6 01
Bloomsburg	7 20	2 33	10 41	6 05
Espy	7 28	2 40	10 48	6 13
Lime Ridge	7 35	12 46	10 51	6 20
Willow Grove	7 40	12 51	10 57	6 24
Briarcreek	7 44	12 55	10 59	16 27
Berwick	7 50	2 58	11 05	6 34
Beach Haven	7 58	3 03	11 12	6 41
Hick's Ferry	8 07	3 09	11 17	16 47
Shickshinny	8 17	3 20	11 31	6 59
Hunlock's	8 27	3 31	11 39	17 09
Nanticoke	8 34	3 38	11 44	7 14
Avondale	8 37	3 42	11 47	7 22
Plymouth	8 44	3 47	11 52	7 28
Plymouth Junction	8 47	3 52	11 55	7 30
Kingston	8 55	4 00	11 59	7 38
Bennett	8 58	4 03	12 02	7 42
Forty Fort	9 00	4 07	12 04	7 44
Wyoming	9 05	4 12	12 08	7 48
West Pittston	9 10	4 17	12 12	7 53
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	4 20	12 14	7 56
Pittston	9 19	4 24	12 17	8 01
Duryea	9 23	4 29	12 20	8 06
Lackawanna	9 26	4 32	12 22	8 10
Taylor	9 32	4 40	12 28	8 17
Bellevue	9 37	4 45	12 32	8 21
SCRANTON	9 42	4 50	12 35	8 25
STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M	P.M
	WEST. A.M.	A.M	P.M.	P.M.
SCRANTON	6 35	11	1 55	6 10
Bellevue	6 39		1 59	6 14
Taylor	6 43	17	2 03	6 18
Lackawanna	7	10 24	2 10	6 24
Duryea	6	10 28	2 13	6 26
Pittston	6 57	10 33	2 17	6 30
Susquehanna Ave	7 00	10 37	2 19	6 32
West Pittston	7 03	10 41	2 23	6 35
Wyoming	7 08	10 46	2 27	6 40
Forty Fort	7 12	10 49	2 31	6 43
Bennett	7 15	10 52	2 34	6 47
Kingston	7 21	10 56	2 40	6 53
Plymouth	7 30	10 00	2 45	6 58
Avondale	7 35	11 05	2 49	7 03
Nanticoke	7 39	11 09	2 54	7 08
Hunlock's	7 45	11 15	2 58	7 14
Shickshinny	7 55	11 19	3 06	7 21
Hick's Ferry	8 07	11 31	3 20	17 31
Beach Haven	8 13	11 43	3 30	7 41
Berwick	8 19	11 48	3 37	7 48
Briarcreek	8 23	11 54	3 44	7 53
Willow Grove	8 27	11 01	3 50	8 00
Lime Ridge	8 31	12 05	3 54	8 03
Espy	8 37	12 09	3 58	8 02
Bloomsburg	8 44	12 22	4 06	8 17
Rupert	8 47	12 22	4 12	8 20
Catawissa	8 54	12 25	4 15	8 25
Danville	9 06	12 32	4 22	8 37
Cauiasky		12 44	4 33	
Cameron	9 21	12 57	4 44	8 52
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 35	1 10	5 00	9 05
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

‡ Runs daily. f Flag station.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

SOUTH.— ARRIVE.				B. & S. R. R. STATIONS.	—NORTH LEAVE			
a.m	a.m.	p.m	p.m.		a.m	p.m	p.m	a.m
7.10	12.10	6.00	2.15	Bloomsb'g	8.50	2 37	6 25	6 10
7.08	12.08	5.55	2.10	" P. & F	8.52	2.39	6.27	
7.03	12.02	5.53	2.08	" Main st.	8.55	2.42	6.30	
7.53	11.53	5.42	1 50	Paper Mill	9.05	2.52	6.40	
6.50	11.50	5.39	1.45	..Light St.	9.08	2.55	6.44	6.27
6.40	11.42	5.31	1.30	Orangeville	9.16	3.03	.58	6.50
6.29	11.31	5.21	1.00	.. Forks..	9.26	3.13	6.03	7.10
6.25	11.29	5.17	12.55	...Zaner's...	9.30	3.17	6.07	7.35
6.18	11.21	5.08	12.45	Stillwater	9.38	3.28	6.17	7.45
6.08	11.13	5.00	12.35	...Benton..	9.46	3.35	7.23	8.00
6.04	11.09	4.56	12.10	...Edson's..	9.50	3.37	7 27	8.30
6.02	11.06	4.53	12.05	..Cole's Cr'k	9.53	3.40	7.31	8.40
6.53	11.02	4.48	11.58	...Laubach..	9.58	3.45	7.41	8.46
6.43	10.51	4.38	11.45	...Central	10 05	3.52	7.51	9.00
5.49	10.48	4.35	11.30	.Jam. City.	10.08	3.58	7.55	9.05
am	am	pm	pm		am	pm	pm	am
LEAVE				Corrected to Jan. 30, 1902				ARRIVE.

8 Cents

Eight cents a pound is what a young woman paid for twelve pounds of flesh.

She was thin and weak and paid one dollar for a bottle of Scott's Emulsion, and by taking regular doses had gained twelve pounds in weight before the bottle was finished.

Eight cents a pound is cheap for such valuable material. Some pay more, some less, some get nothing for their money. You get your money's worth when you buy Scott's Emulsion.

We will send you a little free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, CHEMISTS, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD.

In effect March 1, 1902.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG.

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.37 11.30 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.37 a. m., 3.33 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.37 a. m. 3.33.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.37, 8.38, 11.30 a. m 12.20, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.37, 8.38 11.30a. m., 12.20 3.33, 5.00, 6.30, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 2.47 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.58, 4 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.38, 8.22 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Philadelphia 7.35 a. m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.50 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.40 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.13 a m., 4.42 p m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 9.10 a. m. 1.30 3.36, 6.08 p. m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.28, 9.18 11.40 a. m., 1.38, 3.46, 6.21.

For ATLANTIC CITY—Week Days—Express A. M., 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00, P. M., 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 4:45, 5:00, 7:15, 8:30.

Sundays—A. M., 7:00, 7:30, 8:30, 10:00, 11:00. P M., 4:45, 5:00.

For CAPE MAY—A. M., 7:30, 8:30, 8:45, 9:15, 11:45. P. M., 1:40, 4:10, 5:30, 8:30.

For OCEAN CITY—A. M., 7:00, 8:45, 9:15, 11:45. P. M., 2:15, 4:20, 5:00, 5:30.

For SEA ISLE CITY—A. M., 7:00, 8:45. P. M., 2:15 4:20, 5:00, 5:30.

Parlor cars on all express trains.

ATLANTIC CITY R. R.

From Chestnut St. and South St. Ferries.

ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY	OCEAN CITY
"6.00 A. M., Lcl.	§7.30 A. M.	§7.30 A. M.
§7.30 A. M., Exc	§8.30 A. M.	§8.45 A. M.
§9.00 A. M., Ex.	§8.45 A. M.	§9.15 A. M.
§10.00 A. M., Ex.	§9.15 A. M.	†§1.40 P. M.
§10.45 A. M., Ex.	†§1.40 P. M.	†§4.10 P. M.
§1.30 P. M., Ex.	†§4.10 P. M.	§5.00 P. M.
§2.00 P. M., Ex.	§5.00 P. M.	†§5.40 P. M.
§4.00 P. M., Ex.	†§5.40 P. M.	SEA ISLE
§5.00 P. M., Ex.		§7.30 A. M.
§5.00 P. M., Ecl.		§8.45 A. M.
†§5.40 P. M.		†§4.10 P. M.
§7.15 P. M., Ex.		§5.00 P. M.
		†§5.40 P. M.

"*" Daily. "§" Sundays. "†" Weekdays. "‡" Saturday. "||" via Subway. "b" South at. 4.00. "c" South St. 5.30 "a" South St. 1.30. "g" does not connect for Eagles Mere Saturday night. "g" $1.00 Excursion.

Detailed time tables at ticket offices.

W. A. GARRETT, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Beagle Studio!

Prompt attention given to all

Photographic Work.

Crayons, Framing, Copying and Bromide Enlargements, Made at Short Notice.

The Beagle Studio,

MAIN AND CENTRE STS.

You can save money on Pianos and Organs. You will always find the largest stock, best makes and lowest prices.

PIANOS, From $175.00 and Upwards.

ORGANS, From $50.00 and Upwards

We sell on the installment plan. Pianos $25.00 down and $10.00 per month. Organs, $10.00 down, $5.00 per month. Liberal discount for cash. Sheet music, at one-half price. Musical merchandise of all kinds.

We handle Genuine Singer High Arm

SEWING MACHINES,

$5.00 down and $3.00 per month. We also handle the **Demorest Sewing Machine**, from $19.50 and upwards. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for all makes of Sewing Machines. Best make of

WASH MACHINES

FROM $4.00 UP TO $8.00.

J. SALTZER.

Music Rooms—No. 115 W. Main street below Market, Bloomsburg, Pa.

LIFE SIZED

PHOTOGRAPHS

Having just received a new, large camera and lense, of celebrated make, we CAN FURNISH you with the largest DIRECT PORTRAIT and GROUPE PHOTOGRAPHS made in Columbia County. We STRIVE continually TO PRODUCE the BEST in photography, and would be pleased to have you call and examine our work.

Capwell's Studio,

(Over Hartman's Store)

BLOOMSBURG, P

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect May 25, 1902

Scranton(‡)	lv	A. M. §6 38	A. M. §9 38	P. M. 1 42	P. M. §4 27
Pittston	"	7 05	10 00	2 10	4 52
Wilkesbarre	lv	A. M. §7 25	A. M. §10 35	P. M. 2 45	P. M §6 00
Plym'th Ferry	"	7 32	10 42	2 52	6 07
Nanticoke	"	7 42	10 50	3 01	6 17
Mocanaqua	"	8 01	11 07	3 20	6 37
Wapwallopen	"	8 12	11 16	3 31	6 47
Nescopeck	ar	8 18	11 26	3 42	7 00
Pottsville	lv	A. M. §5 50		A. M. 11 55	P. M. 2 45
Hazleton	"	7 05		12 52	3 05
Tomhicken	"	7 22		1 11	3 15
Fern Glen	"	7 29		1 18	3 22
Rock Glen	"	7 35			
Nescopeck	ar	8 00		1 45	4 00
Catawissa					
Nescopeck	lv	A. M. §8 18	A. M. §11 26	P. M. §3 42	P. M §7 00
Creasy	"	8 30	11 36	3 52	7 01
Espy Ferry	"	8 42	11 46	4 02	7 20
E. Bloomsburg	"	8 47	11 50	4 06	7 25
Catawissa	ar	8 55	P. M. 11 57	4 13	7 32
Catawissa	lv	8 55	11 57	4 13	7 32
S. Danville	"	9 14	12 15	4 31	7 51
Sunbury	"	9 35	12 40	4 55	8 15
Sunbury	lv	A. M. §9 42	P. M. §12 48	P. M. §5 10	P. M §9 46
Lewisburg	ar	10 13	1 45	5 40	
Montandon	"	10 08	1 39	5 35	10 07
Williamsport	"	11 00	1 41	6 30	10 55
Lock Haven	"	11 59	2 20	7 34	
Renovo	"	A. M.	3 00	8 30	
Sale			8 25		
Lock Haven	lv	P. M. §12 10	P. M. §3 45		
Bellefonte	ar	1 05	§4 44		
Tyrone	"	2 20	16 00		
Philipsburg	"	4 35	§8 02		
Clearfield	"	5 25	§8 48		
Pittsburg	"	6 55	§10 45		
Sunbury	lv	A. M. § 9 50	P. M. § 1 59	P. M. § 5 20	P. M. § 8 31
Harrisburg	ar	§11 30	§ 3 15	6 50	§10 10
Philadelphia	ar	P. M. § 3 17	P. M. 6 23	P. M. §10 20	A. M. § 4 25
Baltimore	"	3 11	6 00	§ 9 45	2 30
Washington	"	4 10	7 15	§10 55	4 05
Sunbury	lv	A. M. §10 00	P. M. § 2 15		
Lewistown Jc	ar	P. M. 11 45	§ 4 05		
Pittsburg	"	§ 6 55	§10 45		
Harrisburg	lv	A. M. §11 45	P. M. 15 00	P. M. § 7 15	P. M §10 25
Pittsburg	ar	§ 6 55	11 50	A. M. § 1 50	A. M § 5 30

§ Weekdays. Daily. † Flag station

Pittsburg	lv	P. M. § 7 10	p. m § 9 00	a. m. § 3 00	a. m. § 8 00
Harrisburg	ar	A. M. § 2 00	A. M. § 4 20	§9 30	P. M. § 3 10
Pittsburg	lv		a. m.	p. m.	a. m. † 8 00
Lewistown Jc.	"		† 7 30		P. M. † 3 00
Sunbury	ar		† 9 20		† 4 50
Washington	lv	p. m. §10 40	A. M.	A. M. † 7 50	a. m. §10 50
Baltimore	"	§11 41	§ 4 40	§ 8 40	§11 45
Philadelphia	"	§11 20	§ 4 25	§ 8 30	§11 40
Harrisburg	lv	A. M. § 3 35	A. M. § 7 55	A. M. †11 40	P. M. † 3 30
Sunbury	ar	§ 5 00	§ 9 36	1 08	† 5 05
Pittsburg	lv	P. M. §12 45		A. M. § 3 00	A. M. § 8 06
Clearfield	"	3 50			9 28
Philipsburg	"	4 40			10 12
Tyrone	"	7 00			12 35
Bellefonte	"	8 16		9 32	1 05
Lock Haven	ar	9 15		10 30	2 10
Erie	lv	A. M. § 5 35	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Kane	"	8 45		† 6 00	
Renovo	"	11 50	† 6 45	10 30	
Lock Haven	"	12 38	† 7 35	11 25	§ 3 00
Williamsport	"	A. M. 2 20		P. M.	
Milton	"	2 33	9 17	1 25	4 46
Lewisburg	"		9 08	1 15	4 42
Sunbury	ar	3 24	9 46	1 55	5 15
Sunbury	lv	A. M. 16 45	A. M. § 9 55	P. M. § 2 00	P. M. † 5 25
S. Danville	"	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Catawissa	"	7 32	10 35	2 36	6 08
E. Bloomsburg	"	7 37	10 43	2 43	6 15
Espy Ferry	"	7 42	§10 47		† 6 19
Creasy	"	7 55	10 56	2 55	6 30
Nescopeck	ar	8 02	11 03	3 05	6 40
Catawissa	lv	A. M. 7 32	A. M. §10 38	P. M. §2 36	P. M † 7 05
Nescopeck		8 23			6 08
Rock Glen	ar		11 22	5 05	† 28
Fern Glen	"	8 51	11 28	5 32	7 34
Tomhicken	"	8 58	11 33	5 38	7 42
Hazleton	"	9 19	11 58	5 59	8 02
Pottsville	"	10 15		6 55	
Nescopeck	lv	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
Wapwallopen	ar	8 19	11 20	3 20	7 52
Mocanaqua	"	8 31	11 32	3 30	7 01
Nanticoke	"	8 58	11 54	3 49	7 19
Plym'th Ferry	"	9 03	P. M. 12 02	3 57	7 28
Wilkesbarre	"	9 10	12 10	4 05	8 35
Pittston(‡ & ||)	ar	A. M. † 9 39	§12 55	† 4 56	† 8 36
Scranton	"	10 08	1 24	5 24	9 05

† Weekdays. ‡ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City

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First National Bank,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. W. M. Low, President.
J. M. Staver, Vice President.
E. B. Tustin, Vice President.
E. F. Carpenter, Cashier.

§§§§

The First National Bank solicits a share of your business upon the basis of Sound and Progressive Banking, Liberal and Accurate Treatment.

Statement of Condition September 15, '02.

RESORUCES.

Loans	$294,144 47
U. S. Bonds	50,000 00
Banking House	27,560 43
Stocks and Securities	183,706.75
Cash & due from Banks & U.S.Tr.	109,217.53
Total	$664,629.18

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$ 50,000.00
Surplus	125,000.00
Undivided Profits	11,067.24
Circulation	50,000.00
Deposits	428,561.94
Total	$664,629 18

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in Advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1902.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ROBERT E. PATTISON.
of Philadelphia.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
GEORGE W. GUTHRIE,
of Allegheny.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.
JAMES NOLAN,
of Berks.

DISTRICT TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,
(Long Term.)
CHARLES H. DICKERMAN.
(Short Term.)
ALEXANDER BILLMEYER.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
J. HENRY COCHRAN,

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,
HON. FRED. IKELER,
HON. WILLIAM T. CREASY,

FOR MINE INSPECTOR,
MARTIN KELLEY.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
C. A. SMALL,

FOR PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS,
C. M. TERWILLIGER,

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
J. C. RUTTER, JR.,

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM,

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
A. B. CROOP,

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
GEO. W. STERNER,
WILLIAM BOGERT,

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR,
CHARLES F. DERR,
GEO. H. SHARPLESS,

Beef prices are going down rapidly owing to the fact that the grass fed cattle are being rushed to market from the western ranges. Prices have dropped several cents per pound in the last few days. This beef is not considered as first-class like that of corn fed stock, but it is good enough to knock prices down.

Owing to the high price of coal, Kansas farmers will burn corn this winter. Corn will be plentiful, and as there is an abundance of alfalfa and sorghum for feed, corn will be utilized for heating purposes. Kansans have not burned corn since the late '70's.

Less than one year ago none of us knew of the greatness of Pennypacker, but then we were not informed that he was a cousin of the Matchless Matt.

EIGHTY-NINE CENTS A DAY.

The election of Hon. Charles H. Dickerman, of Northumberland county, to congress, is so well assured that it seems like a waste of effort to give serious notice to any of the calumnies and campaign falsehoods that have been circulated by designing and malicious persons in the vain hope of prejudicing public sentiment against him. The most conspicuous, as well as the most absurd of these, is the charge that Mr. Dickerman once upon a time said, that "eighty nine cents was enough for a laboring man." Such a statement as this is an insult to the intelligence of any man who is acquainted with Mr. Dickerman. For the greater part of his long and successful business career, Mr. Dickerman has been a manufacturer and an extensive employer of labor. Between him and his employees there has always existed the friendliest ties, and in the matter of wages he has always paid the highest price. Where is the man who heard him say that eighty-nine cents was enough for a laboring man? Produce the man who heard him say this and let him make the statement under oath and it will be proven in a court of justice that he is a perjurer and a scoundrel. From 1894 to 1897 the Milton car works was one of two car building concerns in the state that had the financial ability to keep running. There were very few cars being built and those that were contracted for, were built at a price that left no margin above their actual cost. It is a fact that from 1894 to 1897 the car works of Murray, Dougal & Co., of which Mr. Dickerman was the treasurer and financial manager, did not make one dollar above the running expenses of their plant. We wish also to emphasize the statement that with the exception of the Jackson and Woodin plant at Berwick, every other car building establishment in the state had either failed or closed down during these four years of financial depression and industrial inactivity. During this period the price of unskilled day labor at the Milton car works was one dollar and ten cents per day. On one or two contracts that were taken at an exceptionally low figure, by special agreement with the men entered into before the order was accepted by the firm, there was a reduction of ten per cent., which for a short time fixed the rate at one dollar for a day's work. This was only during the continuance of these contracts, and this was the lowest price ever paid for unskilled labor at the Milton car works. There were hundreds of manufacturing establishments, and some of them in Milton, that did not pay this price for unskilled labor, for even the time they were able to run.

The Milton car works were kept running most of the time during these four years. At times work was very scarce and in such extremities the men put in nine hours which netted them eighty-nine cents. This is the whole story about the eighty-nine cents a day business. The writer has talked personally with many of the employes of the old firm of Murray, Dougal & Co., men who are strong Republican partisans, and they indignantly repudiate and condemn this malicious and unjust attack upon men, who at the expense of their time, money and health worked to keep the shops running, that their employees might earn food, clothes and shelter at a time when public committees and charitable institutions were providing scores of families in Milton, whose heads were employed at the other mills and factories, with the bare necessaries of life. The man who would make such an accusation as this, is an ingrate and devoid of honor or decency, and he dare not come out in the open and make the charge.

Democratic Meetings

The following is a list of places and speakers for Democratic meetings:

Orangeville, Friday Oct. 3rd; A. S. Huttenstine, Esq., of Milton, and Clinton Herring, Esq.

Millville, Monday Oct. 6th; Hon. A. L. Fritz and A. S. Huttenstine, Esq.

Bloomsburg, Thursday Oct. 9th; ex-Governor Pattison and other prominent speakers.

Buckhorn, Monday Oct. 13th; C. A. Small, Esq. and Boyd F. Maize, Esq.

Rohrsburg, Tuesday Oct. 14th; Wm. Chrisman, Esq. and Clinton Herring, Esq.

Jerseytown, Thursday Oct. 16th; Col. John G. Freeze and Robt. Buckingham, Esq.

Mainville, Friday Oct. 17th; speakers to be supplied.

Slabtown, Monday Oct. 20th; Hon. A. L. Fritz and Boyd F. Maize, Esq.

Beaver Valley, Wednesday Oct. 22nd; Robt. Buckingham, Esq. and Clem R. Weiss, Esq.

Mifflinville, Friday Oct. 24th; Wm. C. Johnston, Esq. and C. A. Small, Esq.

Lime Ridge, Monday Oct. 27th; Col. John G. Freeze and Wm. C. Johnston, Esq.

Catawissa, Tuesday Oct. 28th; Hon. Fred T. Ikeler and John G. Harman, Esq.

Numidia, Wednesday Oct. 29th; Wm. Chrisman, Esq. and Clem R. Weiss, Esq.

Berwick, Thursday Oct. 30th; Hon. Fred T. Ikeler and C. A. Small, Esq.

Centralia, Friday Oct. 31st; John G. Harman, Esq. and Wm. Chrisman, Esq.

Prominent speakers from other parts of the state have also been secured.

W. B. ALLEN,
County Chairman.

The Mt. Carmel *News* of Wednesday last published a statement to the effect that Hon. C. H. Dickerman had said that eighty-nine cents was enough for a workingman to live on. When Mr. Dickerman's attention was called to the *News'* statement he wrote the editor the following letter:

MILTON, PA., Sep. 22, 1902.
C. I. CLEAVER, Esq.,
Editor *News*, Mt. Carmel, Pa.
MY DEAR SIR:—

My attention has been called to the following statement in your paper of September 17th:

"Mr. Dickerman may be a very nice man, but the people of this end of the county cannot be expected to make much fuss over voting for a man who said eighty-nine cents a day was enough for a working man to live on and Mr. Dickerman would not deny that he had said that very thing. Out of his millions, the paltry sum of eighty-nine cents per day was considered sufficient for a man to exist upon! No, that may work up in Fishing Creek, but it won't work in this region."

This statement is absolutely untrue, and I most emphatically deny ever having made such a remark. No manufacturing or other company with which I was associated ever paid such low wages, but on the contrary always paid the highest current wages in the locality in which they were operating. These wages were always paid promptly and in cash.

While rumors have reached me from time to time attributing such remarks to me, all my attempts to trace them to any reputable or responsible source have heretofore failed. This, therefore, is my first opportunity to deny it. While your article was written evidently under a misapprehension of the facts, I must insist that you retract it, and give your retraction the same publicity that you have the original charge.

As you have some curiosity concerning the amount of stock I hold in the "Big Car Trust," it gives me pleasure to assure you that I am not, nor have I ever been, a stockholder in this company or any of the other so called "Trusts."

Yours very truly,
C. H. DICKERMAN.

The letter of Mr. Dickerman to the editor of the *News* is a polite, emphatic and straightforward denial of the charge. The request for the publication is just such a demand as one gentleman should feel justified in making of another who had made a misstatement. The editor of the *News* not only refused to make a correction, but declined to publish Mr. Dickerman's letter, saying that "All is fair in war and politics." The citizen and voter has the facts before him and he can judge for himself which is entitled to their consideration and confidence.

Poorly?

"For two years I suffered terribly from dyspepsia, with great depression, and was always feeling poorly. I then tried Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and in one week I was a new man."—John McDonald, Philadelphia, Pa.

Don't forget that it's "Ayer's" Sarsaparilla that will make you strong and hopeful. Don't waste your time and money by trying some other kind. Use the old, tested, tried, and true Ayer's Sarsaparilla. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Get the Most Out of Your Food

You don't and can't if your stomach is weak. A weak stomach does not digest all that is ordinarily taken into it. It gets tired easily, and what it fails to digest is wasted.

Among the signs of a weak stomach are uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, and disagreeable belching.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla at different times for stomach troubles, and a run down condition of the system, and have been greatly benefited by its use. I would not be without it in my family. I am troubled especially in summer with weak stomach and nausea and find Hood's Sarsaparilla invaluable." E. B. HICKMAN, W. Chester, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Strengthen and tone the stomach and the whole digestive system.

The Godcharles Bluff.

Over here in Columbia County the Godcharles shouters tell us what a popular man their candidate is at home, and how he swept Northumberland county where he was a candidate for the Legislature in 1900, two years ago. The Republican candidate's stronghold are like the ends of a rainbow over yonder, and when you are there it is somewhere else. But let us see where the facts are. In 1900 McKinley had 8366 votes, Bryan had 7989, showing a majority for the Republican candidate of 377. At this same election Godcharles had 7890, 476 less than McKinley, and 99 less than Bryan. Let us compare his vote with the other district and county candidates. He ran 131 votes behind Clarence F. Huth the Republican candidate for Congress. He ran 175 votes behind John T. Fisher, who was the successful Democratic candidate for the Legislature.

By the expenditure of between three and four thousand dollars he succeeded in getting 14 more votes than his colleague Judge L. S. Walters, who did not conduct a boodle campaign, and whom both Godcharles and his friends treated most informally by voting for the Milton candidate singly. Here is the evidence to prove this: In the fourth ward of Mt. Carmel, Walters' home ward, Godcharles had nine votes more than was cast for McKinley. In the second ward of Milton, Godcharles' home ward, Walters ran 57 votes behind McKinley. The vote did not go to the Democratic candidates, and if the Godcharles people did not cut Mr. Walters, and vote for their candidate alone, where did the vote go to? And yet with all this perfidy and the use of boodle to debauch the voter, he succeeded in getting 14 more votes than Mr. Walters. Not such a great record as a vote getter after all.

They began to shake as soon as they saw Pattison's splendid kick-off.

Against the advice of McKinley, the adjuration of Roosevelt, the pledges of the Republican platform, the good faith of the Government and the dictate of human consideration for a suffering people, the Republicans, rather than diminish the unjust profits of the Sugar Trust, refused to do justice to Cuba. It was but the triumph of greed over right and justice. The Republican party owes its lease of power to the Trusts and it cannot get far enough away from them to deliver an effective kick. Through the protective tariff, the infant industry has grown so rich and so strong, at the expense of the consumer, that they are now, through the Republican party riding rough shod over the rights of the people. These monsters the tariff has created have turned upon the nation and now hold it by the throat. And yet the Dingley bill still is in force. Still it compels the oppressed consumer to pay over a tribute into Trust coffers when he buys their goods. All the evils of the Trusts which were created by the tariff continue to grow greater so long as the tariff remains. Is it not time for revision? Is it not time to elect a party to power which has always been the consistent enemy of Trusts?

TOWNSEND'S FALL STYLES OF STYLISH CLOTHING

For Young Men, Boys and Children.
CALL AND SEE THEM.

THAT ONE WORD READY!

It tells the whole story of a new season's preparation in this shop. It tells you of markets visited, representative lines of the world's best merchandise carefully inspected and carefully bought. It tells you that this same merchandise is here now awaiting your verdict of approval. Warm autumn colorings have supplanted the light airy tints of summer in every section of the store. The needed things, the looked for things, the things you've been figuring on for your autumn and winter outfitting are all here and ready.

The New Wool Weaves.

Dress Goods interest you more just now perhaps than any other class of merchandise. This store's dress goods showing is all that you could ask. This week we will sell

56 in. all wool cloth worth 90c. at 59c.

Some 34 in. cloth mixed at 23c.

38 in. Venetian cloth, at 50c.

38 in. Camels effects, new fall shades 50c.

Rich New Silks,

Silk selling is always a feature at the season's start. We've bought to make the selling most satisfactory to you in every way.

Plain Taffeta, all colors at 50c.
" " " " 75c.

Moire silk will be the big selling silk this fall, price 85c., $1.00 and $1.25.

A Fine Showing of Winter Jackets.

Just a few of the choice new things. Those exclusive styles that we have. They are the best values we have ever shown.

That Ladies' and Misses' Jacket at $6.00.

Misses Jacket made of all wool Kersey, lined with silk at $7.98.

Three different styles of Ladies' and Misses' Jackets at $10.00.

A Fine Showing of Walking Skirts.

Prices, 3.98, 5.00, 5.50, 5.98 to 7.50.

Ladies' Dress Skirts.

We have never shown so large assortment. Prices 2.98, 4.50, 5.00, 5.50, 5.98, most any price to $10.

New Furniture For Fall.

This is a department this store is very proud of because it makes so many new friends for the store. We get most of the furniture we sell from our Home Factory. We have no freight to pay, no packing or unpacking that costs. It is fresh from the maker, bright and new, and at a less price than you can get it anywhere else, if you will compare quality. We don't claim to have the lowest priced furniture, it won't pay us to sell the cheap kind or it won't pay you to buy it. If you are in need of furniture this fall, we invite you to come to this store and let us show you what we can do.

F. P. Pursel.

For the national encampment Union Veteran Legion, the Lackawanna Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Chicago at one fare for the round trip, plus $1.00. Tickets will be sold October 5th, 6th and 7th, and will be good for return leaving Chicago not later than October 16th. For time tables, or further information, see nearest Lackawanna agent. 25-2t

This is the year that ends the Quay voting trust.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS.

N. S. Tingley has accepted the agency for Reinach, Ullman & Co. of Chicago, merchant tailors, and is ready to supply made-to measure clothing at prices lower than can be obtained elsewhere. He has a large line of samples to select from. His place of business is the third floor of the COLUMBIAN building. 4t.

Try THE COLUMBIAN a year.

"MONARCH PATS."

Great Shoes, In Every Leather.

The Patent Leather Shoe That Won't Break Thro'.

Try a pair. We have the exclusive sale.

W. C. McKINNEY, 8 E. Main St

The Farmers National Bank

of Bloomsburg, Pa.,

Solicits your account and extends the invitation to all, no matter how small, no matter how large.

THE FARMERS NATIONAL BANK is prepared to extend to all its customers every reasonable accommodation consistent with conservative banking.

WM. S. MOYER, PRES. J. N. THOMPSON, CASHIER.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1902.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second-class matter.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 1, 1902, and until further notice

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2:20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.)

Leaving depot from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00 1:40, 2:20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20 9:00 9:40, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

D. G. HACKETT, Superintendent.

Calendars for 1903.

Orders for calendars are always taken early. We have a large and beautiful line of samples on exhibition at this office, and we feel confident that anyone who proposes to use calendars can save money by dealing here. Our prices are lower than those of traveling salesmen, for we have no expenses to pay for cariage etc. Call and see samples. No obligation to buy if you do not find what you want.

tf.

Evangelical Services.

Sunday School at 9:15, Preaching at 10:30, Jr. K. L. C. E. at 2:30, Senior K. L. C. E. at 6:00, Preaching at 7:00, Prayermeeting on Wednesday evening at 7:30. A special sermon on Sunday Oct. 12 at 7:00 p. m. on "Trusts and Strikes; What is Wrong in Them?" A cordial invitation to these services. J. W. BENTZ.

[Both Telephones.]

IMPORTED CIGARS.

Do you know that we keep the largest line of

Really Fine Cigars

in Bloomsburg. We have such goods as the Genuine Imported Henry Clay, Bock Panatilla, Manual Garcia Alonzo, Principe De Gales.

SUCH KEY WEST GOODS.

El Egancia, Flor De Warren, La Perferancia.

Our line of Domestic goods is full and complete.

We solicit a trial of our Cigars.

W. S. RISHTON,

Market Square Pharmacist.

PUSHING THE CONSTRUCTION WORK

Five Hundred Men Are Now Employed And The Force Will be Increased to Twice That Number.

Things are humming along the line of the Susquehanna, Bloomsburg & Berwick Railroad. Five hundred men are now employed on the work of construction and Contractor McManus says that the force will be increased to twice that number. Like magic, almost, the country through which the road passes has awakened from its apparent lethargy and the several little villages have been transformed into real live towns.

At Mordansville the life and activity is surprising. All the vacant houses are filled, other buildings have been fitted up for dwellings and numerous shanties have been built to accommodate the workmen.

Probably no place along the route is the quickening spirit more apparent than at Light Street. The force at this point was on Tuesday increased by the arrival of one hundred men and they were promptly put to work. A shanty about sixty-two feet long has just been completed for the use of the men.

At Berwick, too, the work is progressing rapidly, and men are daily being given employment. The rails are already laid to a point below the town.

Contractor McManus is anxious to get as much of the grading as possible done before frost. Cold weather he says retards the work and makes progress slow. He expects, by the last of the week to have at least a hundred teams and nearly as many horses and carts at work.

Just how the creek from Shaffer's to Shew's is to be crossed has not yet been definitely decided upon. It is altogether likely, however, that it will be trestleed, as it is by far the quickest method and the company is bent upon getting the road completed and in operation at the earliest possible time.

As already stated in these columns the Susquehanna, Bloomsburg & Berwick Railroad will mean much for the alley, a fact of which all the people are fully aware. It not only gives them the benefit of traveling facilities which in itself is great, but brings to their very doors a market for their products. The people are rejoicing now and they have reason to, but they will rejoice in a still higher degree when this great improvement is established and understood.

You will be pleased with the work, and they will be pleased to serve you at the Gem Steam Laundry.

Football at Williamsport Oct. 11.

A great football event will be witnessed in Williamsport on Saturday, October 11, 1902, when Bucknell and the Carlisle Indians will line up for another battle on the Athletic Park grounds. Assurances have been given that this will be one of the liveliest games ever played between any other team and the Indians. Both teams will be at their best and those who witness the struggle between them will be well entertained. The usual excursion rates of one fare for round trip have been granted on the various railroads, for a distance of one hundred miles, good from the 11th to the 13th inclusive. All aboard for Williamsport October 11th.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Revival services are in progress at the M. E. Church.

The high water has caused a suspension of work at the Mifflinville bridge.

G. H. Harman has moved from Orangeville to Milton, where he will engage in business.

Mrs. Charity Johnson of Rupert, was thrown from a buggy Sunday. She was only slightly injured.

Have you tried the Gem Steam Laundry yet? Work called for and delivered, to all parts of town. J. E. Fidler, Prop.

It's asking a good deal of the corporations to want them to pull both Pennypacker and Penrose through in the same year.

A new line of Rskin Vellum invitations and wedding stationery just received at this office. Best quality and latest styles. 3t

Inclement weather prevented the Catawissa Band Dance at Shawnee Park Saturday night. The event will take place next Saturday night. Everybody invited.

Perfection is attained in washing and ironing at J. E. Fidler's Gem Steam Laundry.

The hotel at Lime Ridge has a new proprietor in the person of Edgar Rish of Northumberland. He bought the stand from Chas. D. Whitenight on Friday.

To shelter passengers from storm while waiting for the car, the Columbia & Montour Electric Railway Company will build a station at the river bridge at Catawissa.

All Philadelphia papers 2 cents, by the month delivered 30 cents, 25 cents a month at the store. J. W. MOYER.

The Paragon Plaster & Supply Co. is hurrying the work of the reconstruction of its building recently destroyed by fire. The plant will be considerably increased in size.

The Hebrew New Year begins on October 1st and "Yom Kippur," or the "Day of Atonement," comes on October 11th. These days are generally observed by the Jewish people.

We guarantee our work to be as faultless as human skill and modern machinery can make it. Gem Steam Laundry. J. E. Fidler, Prop.

The aid society of the Evangelical church of Bloomsburg will furnish meals, ice cream, oysters etc. at the fair, near the S. E. corner of the ground and extend a general invitation.

W. M. Longenberger who some time ago underwent treatment at a hospital in Philadelphia, has returned to the institution for a second operation. Mr. Longenberger is a merchant at Mainville.

A number of our people who went to the Allentown fair last week for the expressed purpose of seeing the famous horse Cresceno trot against time were sadly disappointed. A wet track prevented the race.

Prof. Wm. Noetling of Selinsgrove, formerly a member of the Normal School faculty, last week purchased the Thos. B. Gorrey property on West Main street. Whether or not he intends to move to town we are unable to state.

"Tommy" Hayes, captain of the Normal School foot ball team arrived in town Saturday afternoon and was warmly welcomed by his many friends. He had the men out at practice Monday and was well pleased with the spirit they displayed.

Geo. B. Hunt has resigned his position as traveling salesman for Moyer Bros. to enter the employ of the New York Mutual Life Insurance Co. Mr. Hunt has been with Moyer Bros. for the past twenty-three years, and always rendered valuable services.

The Welsh Ladies' Choir of Luzerne county will give a concert in the Opera House Tuesday evening. Accompanying the ladies is the well known boy elocutionist Master George Midleton of Kingston. The choir is touring the state and country in the interest of the miners and the proceeds will be devoted to that purpose.

A charter was issued at the State Department Thursday for the Hazleton, Weatherly & Mauch Chunk R. R. A. H. Bloom, formerly cashier of the Farmer's National Bank, and Christian Walter, also formerly of Bloomsburg, when he was a member of the firm of Jones & Walter, shoe dealers, are directors in the new corporation.

PURELY PERSONAL

J. E. Sterling is back from an extended visit in Colorado.

Photographer Ralph G. Phillips and family are home from Eagles Mere.

Mrs. H. C. Jones is spending a two weeks' visit with relatives at Benton.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Slate spent Sunday with relatives in Williamsport.

Miss Edna Wilson has been spending the past few days with friends at Harrisburg.

Miss Letha Lockard has gone to Salem, Mass. to visit her sister Mrs. Samuel Goodhue.

Ben Gidding arrived home on Monday from Philadelphia where he spent several days.

Mrs. Ben Vannatta of Glen Shaw, Pa., is visiting her husband's mother and sisters on Iron street.

Hon. Robt. R. Little attended the funeral of his cousin C. A. Little at Tunkhannock on Thursday last.

Mrs. William H. Snyder was called to Philadelphia on Monday by the illness of her sister Mrs. Bertch.

Mrs. M. A. Rawlings returned home on Friday from an extended visit with friends in Philadelphia and other places.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Eyer were the guests of the former's sister Mrs. Dr. Meridith at the Danville Hospital over Sunday.

Miss Letitia Whitney went to New York on Tuesday. Her brother Col. H. H. Whitney will make a trip to the Philippines, and she will remain with Mrs. Whitney during his absence.

Berwick lost a good citizen at seven o'clock last evening, when S. B. Bowman, a life long resident, passed away. He had been afflicted for some months past, with paralysis, and this together with advanced years caused his death. He was eighty-one years of age, and died at the home of his son-in-law, R. G. Crispin. The deceased was a first cousin of Bishop Bowman.

Among the bookings at the local play house is Mildred Holland. This promises to be the season's most extraordinary engagement. Miss Holland is now touring the New England States appearing in the "Power Behind the Throne" to phenominal business. In Bloomsburg she will play Carina Jordan's new romantic drama "The Lilly and the Prince. The scenes of the piece are laid in sunny Italy at the beginning of the sixteenth century.

As W. O. Holmes was starting out from Welliver's stable on horse-back, this morning about half-past nine, the horse slipped on the brick crossing at the Exchange Hotel, throwing Mr. Holmes and falling on him. He was taken into the hotel parlor and Dr. Reber was summoned, and upon examination a severe bruise below the left knee looked as though the horse had stepped on it. The left arm and side were very sore, but the Doctor could find no bones broken. Mr. Holmes was on his way out to the Poor House to look after some work. He was removed to his home, and is resting comfortably.

Shickshinny's local coal industry is active. The old Salem culm bank is alive with coal operations, there being over a dozen places where coal is screened and prepared for the local trade. Some very good coal is being taken from the bank. When this deposit was made the breakers did not screen the coal so well, and as there was little demand also for the smaller sizes, much of it went into the culm pile. This is serving a good purpose now and many are providing themselves with their winter's coal. The prices range from $1.25 to $2.50 a ton. Considerable coal is being hauled to Berwick.—*Shickshinny Echo.*

The Bloomsburg Canning factory is now running, and will pay $8.00 per ton, spot cash for tomatoes, delivered at their factory.

BLOOMSBURG CANNING CO.
Geo. E. Lockwood, Sole Owner.
9-4tf.

W. L. Douglas

$3.00, $3.50 and $4.00

SHOES

are worn by more men than any other shoe.

Call and let us fit you with a pair.

W. H. MOORE,

Cor. Main and Iron Sts.

BLOOMSBURG, PA

H. J. CLARK & SON.

Coats, Suits and Skirts.

Ladies' Coats. All the newest styles are ready for your selection and approval. See our new Monte Carlo Coats. The new box coats all prices.

Children's Coats. Our line of Children's Coats is now complete. Showing the leading styles and colors, and at prices lower than ever.

Millinery Goods and Trimmed Hats. You will find in our Millinery section a large line of the newest styles in Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, Walking Hats, Untrimmed Hats, Feathers, Velvets, Etc. All at prices less than usual.

Dress Goods and Trimmings. This section of the store is showing the most complete lines of the newest Dress Material for fall and winter and at prices to please you. We invite your inspection.

Tailored Suits. The kinds you like cut perfectly and full, well made, good materials and priced lowly. See them.

One Price-Cash.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

SHOES OF ALL KINDS,

except inferior shoes, can be found here. We offer honest material. whether it be calf or kid, and made up in an honest manner, into stylish and durable footwear, for men, women and children.

Any and every new shape or style that is worthy of consideration will be found in our stock. Our ladies' shoes, at $2.00, have had a remarkable sale. Their merits have won friends everywhere. Another good shoe is Colonial Dame, at $2.50.

F. D. DENTLER.

TALK NO. 33.

READING AND SEWING.

There would be fewer glasses worn upon the streets if people would use them for reading and sewing earlier. It is near work that wears out the eyes. The bookkeeper, typewriter, the dressmaker, the child in school are all putting their eyes to the hardest strain. A great many have constant headaches which they attribute to indigestion and nervousness, when the cause is simply overtaxed eyes If in reading the evening paper you have to place the light "Just So"; if the letters all run together; if you have to close your eyes and rub them; it is nature's protest against over work. If threading your needle is more difficult than it used to be, it is the first warning of defective eyesight. The sooner you use glasses for near work the better. If you commence at once very likely you will only have to wear them in reading and sewing. If you go on straining your eyes, the chances are you will soon have to wear glasses constantly. "A stitch in time saves nine."

Geo. W. Hess,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER, BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

CHANGED CONDITIONS

REQUIRE NEW METHODS.

The Hour Glass of our Great Grand-fathers did very well in those days, but times have changed. The successful men of today reckon time as money, a missed train or broken engagement means something lost.

A GOOD TIME KEEPER

Is an element in character building. A Watch that is always on time inspires promptness and teaches self reliance

J. Lee Martin, OPTICIAN AND JEWELER. TELEPHONE 1842.

Taxpayers. Take Notice!

I will be at the office of G. M. Tustin, Atty., First National Bank Building, to receive Town Taxes. Office hours 4 to 6 and 7 to 8. Saturdays 2 to 4 and 7 to 8. Five per cent. will be added after Oct. 4, 1902. E. F. CARPENTER, Town Treasurer.

Shawnee's Closing Event.

The Catawissa Band will close Shawnee Park with a public dance Saturday evening. Everybody is invited to come and have a good time. Free admission to the Park. Remember this is the last event of the season at Shawnee.

STAGECOACH HELDUP

Wild West Performance In Orange County, N. Y.

MASKED MEN ROB THE PASSENGERS.

Inmates of the Pioneer, Making Daily Trips Between Warwick and Goshen, Have a Novel Experience.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Oct. 1.—The stagecoach Pioneer, which makes daily trips between Warwick and Goshen, was held up and robbed by three masked horsemen late yesterday afternoon.

The coach was bowling along the road two miles from Florida, and at a lonely spot on the road Clinton and Horatio S. Wisner, who own the coach and were on it, saw the men on horses suddenly emerge from the dense woods which line the highway. Clinton was driving. The robbers ordered him to pull up his horses. This he refused to do, and the highwaymen opened fire with revolvers. None of the shots took effect, but the shooting had the effect of compelling the whip to bring his horses to a stop.

Inside the coach were Mrs. J. A. Chamberlin, Mrs. Fred Webster, Mrs. James Fuller, Mrs. Hart and Mrs. Ed Johnston, all of Florida. While two of the highwaymen covered the Wisner brothers with their revolvers the third, using many threats, compelled the passengers to give up all their money and valuables.

After the robbery had been completed the robbers spurred up their horses and escaped.

When news of the holdup became known, this whole section of Orange county was first astounded and then excited. Posses of armed men were hastily formed and at once started a search for the highwaymen. Clinton Wisner is president of the village of Warwick.

Professor Hirth at Columbia.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—Professor Friedrich Hirth, one of the leading authorities on oriental philology and art, who has been appointed to fill the Dean Lung chair of Chinese at Columbia university, established by General Horace W. Carpenter, arrived on the steamer Pretoria to take up his work. His family will come later. Professor Hirth said that he did not wish to discuss in detail his plan of work until he had consulted with President Butler. His course, he said, would be divided into three heads—for beginners on the study of Chinese characters, for advanced students concerning the history and geography of central Asia and the developments of Chinese art and for the general student history of the Chinese empire.

Inducements to Wed.

HAMMOND, Ind., Sept. 20.—Seeking to thin out the ranks of bachelordom in Hammond, Mayor A. F. Knotts has adopted a unique and novel plan. For the next thirty days he will use his municipal prerogative as mayor of Hammond and marry free of charge all resident couples who call at his office. This is only one of the plans of the mayor to improve the economic conditions of the city. Since the announcement was made some of the city's business men have determined to aid the couples wedded by the mayor to start housekeeping.

To Take Henderson's Place.

HAMPTON, Ia., Sept. 26.—Judge E. P. Birdsall of Clarion, Ia., has been nominated for congress by the Third District Republican convention. The nomination was made on the second ballot by a vote of 88 to 26 for C. E. Tansier of Buchanan. The Third district at present is represented by the speaker of the national house, David B. Henderson, who recently declined a renomination. The report of the committee on resolutions was adopted by the convention, as follows:

A Profit of 160 Per Cent.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Members of the original United States Steel underwriting syndicate today received nother 5 per cent dividend of $10,000,000, notices to that effect having been sent out by J. P. Morgan & Co. This makes a fourth dividend of $10,000,000, a total profit of $40,000,000 on an actual outlay of $25,000,000, a return of 160 per cent.

New Orleans Trolleys Tied Up.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 30. — The strike of the dissatisfied employees of the New Orleans Railway company which was started Sunday continues without a break. Mail cars are the only ones moved by the railway company. In the absence of trolley cars vehicles of all kinds are brought into use.

Carnegie's Munificence.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—Mr. Carnegie, according to his own computation made to a friend recently, has given away nearly $4,500,000 per annum. He averages about eight libraries per day, giving an average of $15,000 to each. Apparently he does not anticipate a cessation of his daily donations.

Alger Named For Senator.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 29.—General Alger admits Governor Bliss has notified him from Saginaw of the appointment to fill the unexpired term of United States senator. "I will probably accept the appointment," was all General Alger could be induced to say.

Bank Robbers Get a Good Haul.

FORT MILL, S. C., Oct. 1.—The vault and safe of the City bank here have been dynamited by unknown persons. Three thousand dollars were secured. There is no clew to the robbers.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly and Tersely Told.

The city prison that replaces the old Tombs was opened in New York.

A fire started by children at play destroyed the village of Voshnik, in Russian Poland.

An attempt was made to wreck a Philadelphia and Reading express train near Pottstown, Pa.

At Vincennes, Ind., Hudson Autler, his wife, Emily, and five children were fatally poisoned by arsenic being put in their food.

September wheat sold on the Chicago board of trade at 95 cents, which is the highest price on that cereal since the great Leiter deal in 1898.

Tuesday, Sept. 30.

Hard coal reached $18 and bituminous $12 a ton in New York.

The consolidation of ten trolley lines in north New Jersey will be completed this week.

A tidal wave, following an earthquake, did great damage at Salina Cruz, Mexico.

Seven negro grave robbers were caught in Indianapolis. A prominent physician may be arrested.

It was reported in Madrid that Queen Maria Christina, mother of King Alfonso, had married Count de la Escosura, her master of the horse.

Monday, Sept. 29.

Great damage from heavy rains was reported from southern Texas.

Fire at Stockton, Cal., destroyed the agricultural pavilion and two residence blocks; loss, $500,000.

Three earthquake shocks were felt in the district of Moutiers-en-Tarantaise, department of Savoie, France.

A life size statue to the Hungarian patriot Louis Kossuth was unveiled in Cleveland, O., in the presence of 30,000 people.

Ernie Johnson, a well known professional bicyclist of Cleveland, O., committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart.

Saturday, Sept. 27.

Four peasants were shot by soldiers in a revolt in Hungary.

A cyclone in Sicily flooded Catania and killed several persons at Modica.

A French army officer was dismissed for refusing to close unauthorized schools.

Bulgarian revolutionists have broken through the Turkish cordon at Salonika after a bloody fight.

Justice David J. Brewer of the United States supreme court was badly burned about the face and hands while cleaning up brush at his Vermont summer cottage.

It has been learned that the bequest of Miss Winthrop of New York to Princeton seminary, which was formerly reported to be about $500,000, will amount to $1,400,000.

Friday, Sept. 26.

Russia has handed over the Shanhaikwan railroad to China.

The Earl of Dudley, new lord lieutenant of Ireland, made a state entry into Dublin.

American marines at Colon prevented 300 insurgents from capturing a government officer.

A Washington hotel was dynamited by a man who had quarreled with the proprietor and who shot himself. Two were hurt.

A ten ounce baby, the smallest child the doctors have ever seen, died in a New York hospital after one day's existence.

Thursday, Sept. 25.

Coal has been discovered at Wurtsboro, Sullivan county, N. Y.

Henry Phipps of New York gave $100,000 to General Botha for the relief of destitute Boers.

King Oscar's yacht, with the crown princess of Sweden on board, went on the rocks in the Baltic.

It was stated in Chicago that the "Big Four" had abandoned for the present the idea of a packing house combination.

New York city wholesale and retail coal dealers have declared that the supply of coal would be exhausted this week and predict a fuel famine.

Young Stratton Will Compromise.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Oct. 1.—I. Harry Stratton announces that he has been approached by one of the executors appointed by his father in the will with a proposition to compromise the contest case and answered that he would withdraw his suit upon a settlement of $1,000,000. Attorneys for the executors, administrators and the son have had a long conference, and the announcement of young Stratton is believed to be the conclusion that has been arrived at.

Hay-Wadsworth Wedding.

NEWBURY, N. H., Oct. 1.—The wedding of Miss Alice Hay and Mr. James W. Wadsworth, Jr., was solemnized yesterday at the Falls, Newbury, N. H., the summer home of the secretary of state. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. Dr. H. C. Hayden of the Stone church, Cleveland, O., who performed the marriage ceremony for Mr. and Mrs. Hay.

Wisconsin's Fast Run.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The navy department has received a cablegram announcing the arrival of Rear Admiral Silas Casey aboard his flagship, the Wisconsin, at Panama after an almost unequaled run down the Pacific coast of 3,277 miles in one day less than two weeks. Rear Admiral Casey will assume general command of the American naval forces on the isthmus.

Chinese Leper Cured.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 26.—Dong Gong, the Chinese leper patient at the St. Louis Quarantine hospital, is recommended for discharge as cured by Dr. M. C. Woodruff, superintendent of the hospital. He has been a patient at the hospital for more than a year.

CHILL WINDS

Are the dread of those whose lungs are "weak." Some fortunate people can follow the summer as it goes southward, and escape the cold blasts of winter and the chill airs of spring. But for the majority of people this is impossible. Family cares and business obligations hold them fast.

"Weak" lungs are made *strong* by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures the obstinate cough, heals the inflamed tissues, stops the hemorrhage, and restores the lost flesh to the emaciated body.

"I am a railroad agent," writes I. B. Staples, Esq., of Barclay, Osage Co., Kans., "and four years ago my work keeping me in a warm room and stepping out frequently into the cold air gave me bronchitis, which became chronic and deep seated. Doctors failed to reach my case and advised me to try a higher air, but, fortunately for me, a friend also advised me to try Dr. Pierce's medicines. I commenced taking your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and by the time I had taken the first bottle I was better, and after taking about four bottles my cough was entirely gone. I have found no necessity for seeking another climate."

Sometimes a dealer, tempted by the little more profit paid on the sale of less meritorious medicines, will offer the customer a substitute as being "just as good" as the "Discovery."

You get the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, the best medical work ever published, *free* by sending stamps, to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound volume, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

NIAGARA FALLS.

Low-Rate Excursions via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will run its remaining popular ten-day excursions to Niagara Falls from Washington and Baltimore on September 18, and October 2 and 16. A special train will leave Washington at 8:00 a. m., Baltimore 9:05 a. m., York 10:45 a. m., Harrisburg 11:40 a. m., Millersburg 12:20 p. m., Sunbury 12:58 p. m., Williamsport 2:30 p. m., Lock Haven 3:08 p. m., Renovo 3:55 p. m. Emporium Junction 5:05 p. m., arriving Niagara Falls at 9:35 p. m.

Excursion tickets, good for return passage on any regular train, exclusive of limited express trains, within ten days, will be sold at $10.00 from Washington and Baltimore, $9.35 from York, $10.00 from Littlestown, $10.00 from Oxford, Pa.; $9.35 from Columbia, $8.50 from Harrisburg, $10.00 from Winchester, Va.; $7.80 from Altoona, $7.40 from Tyrone, $6.45 from Bellefonte, $5.10 from Ridgway, $6.90 from Sunbury and Wilkesbarre, $5.75 from Williamsport and at proportionate rates from principal points. A stop over will be allowed at Buffalo within limit of ticket returning.

The special trains of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches will be run with each excursion running through to Niagara Falls. An extra charge will be made for parlor car seats.

An experienced tourist agent and chaperon will accompany each excursion.

For descriptive pamphlet, time of connecting trains, and further information apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 11-5t

Milton Fair.—Reduced Rates and Special Train Service via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On account of the Milton Driving Park Association Fair at Milton, Pa., September 30 to October 3, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round trip tickets to Milton and return from Bellefonte, Lock Haven, East Bloomsburg, Mt. Carmel Millersburg, and intermediate stations, on the above dates, good to return until October 4, inclusive, at reduced rates (minimum rate, 25 cents.)

On Thursday, October 2, special trains will be run as follows:

GOING.

Sunbury	Lv.	8.45 a. m.
Northumberland	"	8.55 "
Montandon	"	9.15 "
Milton	Ar.	9.25 "
Fair Ground	"	9.30 "

RETURNING

Fair Ground	Lv.	5.50 p. m.
Milton	"	5.55 "
Montandon	Ar.	6.05 "
Northumberland	"	6.18 "
Sunbury	"	6.25 "

During the continuance of the fair, trains leaving Williamsport at 8.30 a. m., 12.40 and 4.00 p. m., and Sunbury at 9.42 a. m., 1.13 and 5.10 p. m., will stop at the fair grounds.

25 2t

National Encampment, Union Veteran Legion.

For the benefit of those desiring to attend the National Encampment, Union Veteran Legion, at Chicago, Ill., October 8 to 11, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Chicago and return, from all stations on its lines, on October 5, 6 and 7, good to return until October 16, inclusive, at rate of single fare for the round trip, plus $1.00.

GUTHRIE TURNS DOWN PENNYPACKER

The Quay Candidate's Pittsburg Speech Reviewed.

FACTS ABOUT THE "RIPPER"

How an Honest Reform Measure Was Scuttled and the People Betrayed.

RING RULE NOW RESTORED

Judge Pennypacker's muddled reference to the Pittsburg charter legislation of 1901, in his recent speech in that city, has been the subject of much criticism. The Quay candidate for governor was speaking under the auspices of the old ring and tried to make capital for himself by expressing sympathy with them in the war made upon them. At the same time he condemned the efforts at reform legislation which were the inspiration of the original movement for a new city charter. A systematic plan has been pursued to mislead the people of the state with regard to this matter. In his speech at Connellsville Hon. George W. Guthrie, Democratic candidate for lieutenant governor, turned on the light as follows:

At the last session of the legislature there was a bill passed which has become known throughout the whole nation as the Ripper bill. I want to tell you about that bill and what has been done under it. The first suggestion of any such bill came from Harrisburg in 1897. It was dangled before the people of Pittsburg as a bait and a promise of relief from one of the most corrupt, arbitrary and brutal rings that a municipality ever suffered from.

In 1901 it was made the condition of the passage of a law for the proper government of the city of Pittsburg. From 1898, when the people of Pittsburg had been made ready, by promises of the machine, to believe that good laws would be passed for them, they had been in session after session, suppliant at the feet of this boss for laws that were necessary for the government of their city, and session after session they were sent back disappointed; but in 1901 they were informed that they could have a law which would give them a charter satisfactory to them, but the sole condition upon which it was to be passed was that it should be accompanied with a ripper. The good citizens of Pittsburg had been suffering under the rule of this ring, and knew there was no help for them until they could get a charter for their city. Many of them submitted to the terms, and a bill was taken up for the government of the city, which was promised to them literaly as it was drafted.

All the Good Cut Out.

When that bill went to Harrisburg the men in control of the state machine in one night struck out of it every provision intended for good government, which they had intelligence enough to recognize. In that emasculated form the bill was passed with the ripper attached to it, and the people of Pittsburg, who had submitted to the threat of this ripper as the price which must be paid for good government, were given the ripper, and the only good features in that law left after they got through with it were the provisions which the emasculators did not have intelligence enough to recognize.

The machine was to control and govern the city until the first election day under the law. The governor put a man there as recorder of the city, and the first step which he made to give the citizens of Pittsburg good, honest government was answered by an order from Harrisburg removing him. The ring was, by the order of the governor, reinstated in the city of Pittsburg with greater power than it had held under the law which the people had struggled against so long and which was so bitter to them; and so, instead of getting a good charter as promised, and an honest administration, they had the ring put back again in control with greater power than it ever held.

Governor Stone's Postscript.

The governor, when he did that, issued a proclamation attempting to explain his act, and he added a postscript in which he said: "I was not bribed to do this!" Think of it! The governor of this commonwealth was obliged by the very act which he was doing and the circumstances which surrounded it to proclaim to the people that he was not a felon, and he is known today in the city of Pittsburg as the "P. S. Governor." In the whole political history of this country I do not believe such another ignominious act has ever been perpetrated.

Now the distinguished jurist to whom I referred says that the result of the ripper bill was unfortunate, that such a bill should never have been passed. In the latter part of his remarks I heartily agree with him, but I go further. I do not say that it was unfortunate; I say that it was criminal to seize the liberties of the people and trade them off, whether for money or for political support, was treason against the institutions of our country. I am glad to say that this crime aroused the hearts of the people of Pittsburg as nothing else ever has. The betrayal of their rights, the failure to redeem the promises made to them as a consideration of their submision to the ripper, the corrupt bargain made by which their liberties were traded off, aroused them to bitter indignation and a determination to visit punishment upon all concerned in it.

Pennypacker's Dangerous Doctrine.

The Philadelphia Record thus editorially refers to this matter:

"From this speech in half-condemnation of the "ripper" and in whole condemnation of the constitutional provision in restraint of special legislation as a "monarchical device" the people of Pennsylvania are justified in making the inference that the candidate of the machine if elected governor would not interfere with the legislative wisdom. But his is a dangerous doctrine to proclaim in these times, much as it is calculated to flatter the popular mind. In recognition of the fact that the majority of one day may become a minority on the next under a government like ours, the people have imposed constitutional restraints upon the exercise of their own will. They have thus protected themselves, their municipal rights and their institutions against the caprice or corruption of changing majorities in the legislature. But such is the admiration of the machine candidate for the wisdom and virtue of the legislature that he treats as "monarchical devices" the provisions of the constitution of Pennsylvania for confining its powers within reasonable and just limits. The citizens of this commonwealth may well consider the danger of putting into the office of governor a candidate who entertains so little respect for the provisions of their constitution in restraint of special legislation as to put it as an "ill-conceived effort" on the same low level with the "ripper" of the machine and its adherents in the last general assembly."

Better Stick to His Apple Butter.

The Pittsburg Post shows the absurdity of Judge Pennypacker's position, as follows:

"Judge Pennypacker is far from clear or candid, or even honest, in discussing municipal questions as embodied in the ripper bill, and especially their further application by the state administration in upsetting the good results expected and promised by the ripper law by restoring the Flinn-Brown machine to power. The Republican candidate criticises the original ripper as objectionable, but is silent about the knavish methods of Stone and the gang in perverting it to the most infamous jobbery in politics and legislation the city of Pittsburg has ever seen. It was this daring usurpation of power that made the word ripper detestable. Against it Judge Pennypacker has not a word to say. He levels his feeble protests against what was good, or at least excusable, in the ripper, and reformed abuses and wrongs that were otherwise not curative.

"The judge is finding the inconvenience of standing up for two radically inconsistent and opposing lines of municipal government. His acceptance of the Citizens nomination, though of a veiled character, seemed to have put him in line with Republican reformers and opponents of the machine gang. But on Friday night he recanted, and, as the machine organs claim, put himself in full sympathy with their side by denouncing the original ripper and keeping quiet on the abuses and wrongs that Stone, Flinn and Brown have piled on it.

"Under Quay's orders as governor he will do precisely as Stone did. It will therefore be evident to the voters of Pennsylvania that he is not the man to be entrusted with the responsibility of governing this great state. In one breath he declares "Pennsylvania has no political ills worth mentioning." In another breath he tears to atoms in the interest of the gang the most important legislation of the last session —the Pittsburg ripper law. Through it all he is steadfast in the belief that Quay is a greater man than Webster or Clay. Alas for Pennypacker! he had best return to geography and history, or the butter crop in Montgomery county."

A SHOT AT THE RING

A Clear-Headed Business Man's View of the Situation.

Two Philadelphia business men, on the way to their day's work, were talking together, and naturally the conversation drifted to the political situation. The first man, an independent and somewhat active as a reformer, expressed freely his anti-Pennypacker views and his intention to vote for Pattison. The other man was a Republican, and, like his friend, a type of the business man who attends to his own affairs successfully, does his own thinking, and, without appearing before the public, stands for what is best in our present-day commercial and political life. His words, as given by the Record, are worth quoting:

"I have not always seen my way clear to go into these 'reform' movements," he said to his companion, "for not all reformers are as disinterested as yourself. But it does seem to me that the time has come for decent men to line up against the gang. Those fellows are not true Republicans; they are simply rascals using the party name to cloak their roguery. I have come to feel that nothing is owing to them in the way of party loyalty, except punishment. Of late we have done a great deal of talking about purifying politics; now we have a chance to do something practical, and I have arrived at the conclusion that the only course open to a self-respecting man, in the premises, is to vote for Pattison. We all know that he is straight, and practical as well. I believe that if he is put into office again we shall have real reform. Anyway, a vote for him is a shot at the machine, and I think I owe that duty to Pennsylvania."

With a business man's hard-headed sense, this man had grasped the vital question involved in the present campaign. He was too bright to be deceived by the old trick of the boodlers in putting forth a decent man to catch the votes of the unwary. In his mind the case resolved itself into its true elements — namely, Quayism versus clean government.

THE CITADEL OF RING POWER.

Th Quay candidate for governor has been trying to mislead the public mind with regard to the management of the state finances under the direction of his political creator, who has held the key of the public chest ever since he took control of the machine. The charge, which cannot be denied, the proof of which can never be blotted out, is not defalcation and robbery, but the misuse of the public monies while in the keeping of this organization, for its own selfish and base purposes. The disingenuous statement that the state treasury holds $12,000,000, carries with it, though unintentionally, the severest self-condemnation. It is the constant habit of the ring to husband the state's resources for their own purposes, often holding back payments when they hould be made.

The state treasury, for more than thirty years, has been the citadel of machine power, and every other year it renews its iron grip, no matter what other interests may suffer. Mr. Quay would rather lose any other office than this. He is today exacting tribute from his fiscal agents and in indirect ways, also, securing financial help to maintain the power he has so shamefully abused. But the hand-writing is on the wall. The people are aroused, and they mean to finally break the hold of Quayism upon the government of this great state. Let every patriot help on the good work.

We are assured of a reasonably honest vote in Philadelphia this time, and that means half the battle. With the rural vote out in force a great victory may be won.

MAY MAKE RIVER NAVIGABLE.

United States Engineers Want All Possible Information on the Subject.

The time may be near at hand when excursion steamers will be as common on the Susquehanna as they are now on the Hudson. No great waterway presents along its banks such a variety of picturesque beauty and should it be made navigable the Susquehanna river would be even more attractive.

Under date of September 26th, 1902, Congressman Olmstead has received the following letter:

"Hon. M. E. Olmstead, M. C., Harrisburg, Pa.

Sir: I am instructed by the Chief of Engineers, U. S. Army, to advise any parties known to be interested in the improvement of the Susquehanna river below Northumberland, Pa., that the subject is to be considered by a board of engineers, and that persons who so desire may submit for the information of the board any statements, facts or arguments that they may desire, in regard to the necessity for the work. Such communications should be addressed to Colonel A. McKensie, senior member Board of Engineers, Washington, D. C.

May I ask you to advise the parties concerned, as their names are not known to me? Respectfully,

JARED A. SMITH,
Colonel, Corps of Engineers."

At the last session of Congress a clause was inserted in the river and harbor bill requiring the Secretary of War to investigate and report as to the practicability and advisability of attempting to make the Susquehanna river navigable between Shamokin and its mouth. Congressman Olmstead desires that all parties interested shall communicate with Colonel McKensie, at the address above given showing, so far as they can, the amount and character of freight that would be transported upon the river if made navigable, and any other facts pertaining to show the necessity of improving the river.

The Game Laws

Brief Text of the Law Relating to Game, Birds, Deer, Squirrels, Etc.

For the benefit of our many readers we again publish the game laws.

There shall be no hunting or shooting on Sunday. Penalty $25.

The destruction of the nests or eggs of wild birds is forbidden except "for strictly scientific purposes" under the certificate of Game Commissioner. Penalty $10.

The killing of game birds and game animals is prohibited except with a gun held to the shoulder. Penalty $50.

But two deer can be killed by one person and then only during the month of November. Penalty $100. The running of deer with dogs is prohibited.

It is unlawful for any person to kill in any one day more than ten pheasants, or more than fifteen quail or more than two wild turkeys. Penalty $50.

Gray, black and fox squirrels can be killed from October 15th to December 15th, inclusive. Penalty $10. Red or pine squirrels are not protected. Pheasants, wild turkeys, quail and woodcock can be killed from October 15th to December 15th, inclusive. Penalty $25 for each bird.

Rabbits can be killed from November 1st, to December 15th, inclusive. Penalty $10.

The purchase or sale of pheasant, quail, woodcock, wild turkey and deer is prohibited. Penalty $25. All other game of the state can be sold within the state.

Prosecutions for the violation of the game laws can be brought by any person, one-half of penalties go to the informer. All prosecutions must be brought within one year from the time of the offense.

Coming Farmers' Institutes.

Secretary Hamilton of the Agricultural department, has announced the dates of his county institutes in this section as follows:

Northumberland county — McEwensville, March 2nd and 3rd; Elysburg, March 4th and 5th.

Columbia County—Numidia, February 23rd and 24th; Millville, February 25 and 26th; Benton, February 27th.

Luzerne county—Nescopeck, February 28th; Hundingdon Mil's, March 2nd; Lehman, March 3rd; Orange, March 4th.

Montour county—Oakgrove, February 27th and 28th.

Half-fare Rates to Williamsport.

The great Bucknell-Carlisle Indian football match on Athletic grounds, Williamsport, Saturday, October 11, 1902. Half fare rates on all the railroads.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

PATTISON'S FIGHT FOR PUBLIC HONESTY

An Unimpeachable Record of Offical Fidelity.

GUARDED THE TREASURY

As Controller and Governor He Firmly Opposed All Forms of Extravagance and Fraud.

AGAINST BOGUS PAY ROLLS

Determined Efforts to Correct Appropriation Bill Evils—Plain Talk to Legislators.

FACTS FOR JUDGE PENNYPACKER

Special Correspondence.

Harrisburg, Sept. 30.—No citizen of Pennsylvania who has served the people in a public capacity has ever been more vigilant, courageous and faithful in the discharge of all the duties assigned him than Robert E. Pattison. This is the story of the record made during five year's occupancy of the city controller's office in Philadelphia, and eight years as governor. Upon one point particularly was this official most strenuous in demanding strict compliance with the law, in letter and spirit. He always stood at the door of the public treasury, guarding it to the extent of his power from illegal and unjust attacks. All the world knows that it was this fidelity to duty in the first office he held which impelled the people to call him up higher. He saved the taxpayers of Philadelphia a large amount of money and instituted reforms in the auditing of the public accounts which have continued to this day. Further, since 1882, no man has aspired to that office who did not possess the very highest measure of public respect and confidence.

How He Watched Appropriations.

When he came to Harrisburg, in January, 1883, Governor Pattison said to a friend: "I expect to have about as hard a time as any man has ever had for the first year. After that it will be smoother sailing." In accordance with his clear ideas of duty, and invincible purpose to meet every objection, the governor promptly began the closest scrutiny of every bill sent him by the legislature, especially those involving appropriations of the public money. He disapproved a large number of measures of this kind. He returned the general appropriation bill of the regular session of 1883 with many sections disapproved, in whole or in part. He called attention to the fact that the items referred to had no proper legal standing and most vigorously contended for strict compliance with the law. He denounced the proposed payment of extra compensation to certain officers of the legislature, as "a most glaring attempt to increase salaries over fifty per cent. in plain violation of the constitution and laws." He discussed the matter in detail, with great clearness and conclusiveness. He expressed the earnest hope that he would be relieved in the future of the "unpleasant task of disapproving of so many items," but declared that he should rigidly maintain the provision of the constitution in question, both because he believed it to be his sworn duty and because he regarded the section quoted "as eminently wise and proper."

Again, in 1885, the governor met this issue, quoting in his support the just protest of Governor Hoyt, who, in 1881, had pointed out the illegality of extra compensation appropriations. He showed that the practice objected to was utterly unjust, was without any warrant of law and was nothing less than a species of public robbery. The legislature, to its discredit be it said, both houses being Republican, disregarded the executive veto; but the governor's record must always commend him to the highest consideration of his fellow citizens. The amount he turned down effectively at the session of 1883, when the house was Democratic, was over $35,000.

Scathing Rebuke to Legislators.

The people have not forgotten Governor Pattison's consistent and courageous action in disapproving the half million dollar appropriation bill passed at the fruitless extra session of 1883. This conscienceless grab as compensation for doing nothing and refusing to pass just apportionment bills, was exposed and denounced in a veto message of remarkable strength, a document that was read and heartily approved by all honest citizens regardless of partisan views. Here are some timely extracts from this historic rebuke to faithless legislators:

"After wasting six months in contemning the constitution, members now send me this bill to pay themselves half a million dollars for refusing to do what they were elected and sworn to do. Every consideration of law and the simplest principles of common justice protest against such an attempt to take the money of the people without consideration. There is no law authorizing public officers to pay themselves for defying the law. No citizen in his private business capacity would sanction such a principle as that underlying this bill. Monstrous as such a claim would be under any circumstances, it is yet more repugnant to law, equity and common sense, when asserted by officials who menace the very existence of republican government by refusing to obey the plainest and most imperative of constitutional commands and give to the people their most sacred and valuable political rights. So far as I am able I shall thwart the wrong by my disapproval."

Against Every Kind of Robbery.

With regard to special bills also, as observed, Governor Pattison set his face firmly against all manner of unjust grants of the public money, private pensions, contested election cases, fraudulent claims, reckless committee extravagance, public printing wastefulness, etc. At the session of 1893 he broke up a petty scheme of public plunder, a proposition to place a useless copy of an expensive legislative handbook in all the public schools of the commonwealth. He halted the notorious bird book extravagance likewise. Many appropriations to public institutions, made without sufficient warrant of law, necessity or usefulness, were promptly turned down at every session. Worthy charities, having legitimate claim upon the bounty of the commonwealth, were not made to suffer, but judicious watchfulness was exercised over the distribution of the public funds in every direction. This care extended to ordinary departmental expenditures, and everyone concerned came to understand that public treasury guardianship was a sacred trust. No one ever thought of intimating anything to the contrary.

Pennypacker a Self-Condemned Critic.

This has been reserved alone for the present alleged Republican candidate for governor, who, in his speech at Erie, by indirection and implication, tried to create the impression that Governor Pattison had been remiss with regard to this important matter. This suggestion, on the part of Judge Pennypacker, is all the more unjustifiable from the fact that during Governor Pattison's first term his present would-be critic was largely engaged, as a member of the bar, in a line of legal reporting and book making which made it absolutely necessary for him to keep fully informed as to what was being done by the law making body and the executive branch of the state government as well. He knew he was belying the record at Erie, seeking to unjustly injure his opponent and make capital for himself without any foundation whatever for the statements and insinuations put forth. Governor Pattison earned the relentless hostility of a class of men who have disgraced the legislature at every session for a generation past, everyone of whom will unite in applauding Judge Pennypacker's course, but it must be unqualifiedly condemned by every fair-minded and honest man in Pennsylvania.

Quay's Candidate and His Company.

It is significant of what is expected of him that his candidacy for the executive office is the sole work of the machine and its allies, in town and country, and that the very worst elements in the political life of the state are united in his support. His political associations for many years have been with the personal followers, adherents and confidants of Senator Quay. He has enjoyed their company, rejoiced in their successes, endorsed their methods, sympathized with their efforts and given the weight of his personal influence, while holding an honored place upon the bench, in their behalf.

At the notorious banquet in Philadelphia where six hundred of his roistering friends celebrated Senator Penrose's election, Judge Pennypacker sat near the head of the table, beside a favored ring contractor, who was at that time one of the financial backers of the machine. He was in congenial company. He had no word of condemnation for the scenes which had taken place at Harrisburg, at the time of the senatorial election, or for those which were then passing under his eye, so sadly and impressively illustrating the demoralizing influences of degraded politics in Pennsylvania, and to which a host of once promising and ambitious young men have been indebted for their irretrievable downfall. Even at Erie, when the chief speaker before an association of young men, Judge Pennypacker had no word of disapproval for the evils of our political system, no word of denunciation for the manifold sins of omission and commission of the machine; no word of inspiration for the friends of clean politics and good government; no word of encouragement for those who are self-sacrificingly striving to rescue the commonwealth from the polluted hands of its worst enemies.

Every movement of the Quay party is crooked. Even the big ball rolling project is a scheme to use Roosevelt's face as a mask for the baffled Pennsylvania boss. But intelligent voters see through it all.

Workingmen everywhere are realizing that their best weapon with which to maintain all their rights is an honest ballot. They are arraying themselves against the political crooks this year as never before. The railroaders' endorsement of Pattison is a sign of the times that means great things for the cause of clean politics and good government.

Honest Republicans are beginning to see clearly that they cannot endorse Pennypackerism without continuing Quayism in power. The machine candidate has shown himself to be a weakling from whom nothing good may be expected.

JUDGE PENNYPACKER'S FATAL FOLLY.

Many times within recent years the political machine which is responsible for misgovernment in Pennsylvania has confessed the truth of the indictment against it and promised reformation. To this hour its pledges have been systematically violated, and the head of this organization, a little while ago, publicly stated that if it did not keep faith with the people in connection with ballot reform, it would sink into merited infamy. It has been reserved for the present candidate of this organization for the highest office in the gift of the people, to openly and falsely characterize a temperate statement of plain facts concerning misgovernment and self-confessed political degradation—these things being known of all men and deeply deplored by all good citizens—as an indefensible "wail, diatribe, denunciation of the state and its people." This amazing confession of weaknes in answering Governor Pattison's speech of acceptance should prove fatal to Judge Pennypacker's misplaced ambition.

Has it come to this, that free speech is a crime? That the truth must no longer be told? That public protest must be stifled? That public wrongdoing must be passed by without notice? That faithless public servants and corrupt political leaders must not even be criticised, much less chastized, with the freeman's weapon, an honest ballot? The declaration of the Erie convention, which is a truthful summing up, in part, of glaring evils of the time in Pennsylvania, is flippantly referred to and its grave charges dismissed, as "a platform of mendacities." Is this the way in which the burning issues before the long-suffering citizens of this commonwealth are to be met?

The last session of the Pennsylvania legislature was without a parallel in defiant wrong-doing, the evidence of which was so conspicuous that there could be no denial that did not reflect upon the intelligence and sincerity of any apologist therefor. The second officer in the government of the state, thoroughly ashamed of the degradation he had witnessed from the presiding chair in the senate, publicly and indignantly declared that never in all his legislative career of many years was bribery and corruption so open and shameless. The most direct charges of venality were made in the public prints against men openly named, without even reply, much less denial. Defense or escape from public scorn and condemnation was impossible.

The widespread indignation of the people has been expressed in many ways, through leading newspapers, speaking shamefacedly for the party in power; through public assemblages; through a convention of self-respecting, intelligent and fair-minded citizens, representing more than 100,000 conscientious members of the Republican party, and in a union of forces, upon a non-partisan basis, with the avowed and determined object of redeeming the state government from flagrant and demoralizing misrule. There has been an uprising of honest, courageous and patriotic men which cannot and will not be silenced and put down, at the bidding of any man. It will not accept apologies or disclaimers or pleas for forgetfulness. It will not give ear to the unwise and unpatriotic cry of party regularity, the purpose of which is to cover up heinous offenses; to blot out the memory thereof, and to prevent any guarantee for the future, any assurance of better things.

Judge Pennypacker answers, with strange unwisdom and lack of true civic ideas, a flood tide of public criticism of his apologetic defense of machine iniquities, by again repeating and emphasizing anew the self-condemnatory statement that there are no evils to be corrected; that he sees no sins of omission nor commission, having words of praise and ill-founded and unjustifiable charity for evil-doers, and bitter-minded criticism of those who denounce public evils and demand their correction. He has no sympathy with those who are striving for better things. He servilely imitates his leader in seeking to divert public attention from the misdoings of the most odious legislature in Pennsylvania's history.

He even goes further, and plays upon the chords of public ignorance, prejudice and passion. He gives grave offense to every instinct of patriotism, to every sense of justice, by comparing men who represent and who courageously avow and stand for the best impulses, the best thought and the best purposes of a virtuous and patriotic people, to the misguided and desperate enemies of government and the public peace. This is a blunder of partisan zeal that is worse than a deliberate crime.

In his blind devotion to those whom he seeks to serve, this misguided apologetic defender of Quayism does not see that the worst anarchists this country has produced; the most dangerous enemies of the state and of society, are the men who have so deeply corrupted the political arena, so terribly polluted the very sources of government. In his public utterances thus far, Judge Pennypacker has conclusively shown his unworthiness of public trust and confidence; his blind unwisdom and pitiable weakness; that his election to the governorship of this great state as the ready servant of a corrupt machine would be a public calamity.

WHEN PATTISON [illegible]

It was hard sledding for the grasping looters and extra salary grabbers while Governor Pattison was at Harrisburg. The record of executive disapproval of appropriations that were unwarranted is to be found in the official history of the sessions of 1883, 1885, 1891 and 1893. It will there be seen that judicious guardianship of the treasury was promptly and effectively exercised. In one case an appropriation bill, which was intended to compensate members who had been faithless to their trust and had disobeyed the constitutional mandate with regard to apportionment, and which involved nearly $500,000, was vetoed; and at other times measures aggregating scores of thousands of dollars were turned down.

As he has courageously declared, the policy then pursued with regard to this matter, will be followed in the future, if the people commission the candidate nominated at Erie to conduct the executive department during the next four years. The taxpayers of the state know that this pledge of honest and economic administration will be kept in letter and spirit. That is one of the reasons why they are so enthusiastically and determinedly rallying to his support in all parts of the state.

KEEPING THE LID ON.

Judge Pennypacker does not seem to be capable of fair-minded statement in political controversy. His reference to two former Democratic state administrations is characteristically misleading and unjust. Within that period, appropriations to public institutions were not held up or tampered with corruptly. With Robert E. Pattison on guard in the executive chair this villianous work would not have been attempted. This is an evil of recent growth, a development of the intensified crookedness of political adventurers and mercenaries.

The most positive proof of the charge made, in one notorious instance, has been publicly given, an officer of the educational institution concerned frankly admitting an alleged "expense account" of 10 per cent., or nearly three thousand dollars, in securing an appropriation to which his school was honestly entitled. Many members of the legislature have bitterly complained of the treatment to which they have been subjected by public pirates, as these conscienceless public servants have been justly, though severely, termed. Judge Pennypacker has a hard time getting the lid on. It seems to be his special desire to cover every species of public crookedness, to hide all the evil doings of the degraded representatives of Quayism.

See that your Republican neighbor has the facts before him this year. Lend him this paper every week. If you want an extra copy a postal will bring it. Help along the good work of public enlightenment.

Be not deceived by false reports and campaign roorbachs. The machine lie factory has started up earlier than usual this year. This is significant. But the truth will triumph.

Pennypacker will find out presently that the people propose to fight the battle for freedom against the machine and all its cohorts and apologists and defenders as well.

Penrose's fate is as good as sealed already and he knows it. He has been a monumental failure as senator and also as sub-boss. The whole outfit must go.

Turn out at every Democratic meeting and take your neighbor. The next four weeks is the political harvest time for good government.

EXECUTOR'S SALE

—OF—

Best Farm Land

on Susquehanna River.

About 88 Acres.

The undersigned will sell at the Court House in Bloomsburg on

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1902,

at two o'clock p. m. to the highest and best bidder the following described real estate:

(Being the unsold part of tract No. 7), known as the McClure farm, on the bank of the Susquehanna River in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa. Bounded south by said river, east by lands of estate of D. J. Waller, Bloomsburg and Sullivan R. R. Co., and Bloomsburg Carpet Works; north by said Carpet Works, Samuel Giger and others; west by lands of Citizens Land Association, Brytogle and Hughes, whereon are erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

Frame barn and outbuildings.

The eighty-eight acres is over and above the right of way of the D. L. & W. R. R., the Rupert & Bloomsburg R. R., the Bloomsburg & Sullivan R. R. and the Pennsylvania Canal, subject to which the sale is made. The tenants interest in crops reserved.

Terms made known on application.

I. W. McKELVY,
Executor of Wm. McKelvy, deceased.
D. J. WALLER, JR,
L. E. WALLER,
Executors of D. J. Waller, deceased.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

140 Acres Limestone Farm Land.

The undersigned will sell at public sale upon the premises in Scott township near the town of Espy in Columbia County on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1902,

at 2 p. m. the following described real estate, bounded and described as follows to wit:

Beginning at stone corner, in the public road, leading from Espy to Light Street; thence south in said road nine degrees east fifty-six perches to a stone corner in said road; thence by land of Sarah Snyder south twenty-nine and one fourth degrees east, forty-nine and nine tenths perches to a stone corner; thence south sixty and three fourth degrees west, six perches to a stone corner; thence south twenty-nine and one fourth degrees east, thirty-three perches to a stone corner; thence by land of C. W. Kline south seventy-seven and one-half degrees east, seventy-six and six tenths rods to a stone, formerly pine corner; thence north seventy-six degrees east, eighty-one and five tenth rods to a stone corner in the public road, leading from Espy to residence of Ellis Ringrose; thence by centre of said road and land of said Ellis Ringrose, north twenty-nine and three fourth degrees west, one hundred and sixty-four and four-tenths rods to a stone corner; thence north seventy-six degrees east, forty-three and nine-tenths rods to a stone corner; thence north twelve and one-fourth degrees west, nine and nine-tenths rods to a stone corner in the public road leading from the residence of Joseph Heckman to Wm. J. Hidlay's; thence in centre of said road and land of Wm. J. Hidlay, south seventy-seven and one-fourth degrees west one hundred and sixty and eight tenths perches to a stone corner in the public road, the place of beginning, containing

140 ACRES OF LAND

upon which is erected a

BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,

frame bank barn and out buildings. A limestone quarry is also upon the premises and there is a large fine body of lime stone developed.

This farm formerly was the John Robison homestead and is one of the finest in the county, specially adapted to grass and grain. It lies 100 rods north of the electric railway and Espy Hotel. Fine water, main public roads touch it upon three sides.

TERMS:—Ten per cent. at the striking down of the property, 30 per cent. April 1, 1903, and the balance one year thereafter with interest from April 1st, 1903.

W. C. ROBISON,
LAURA ROBISON.

WM. CHRISMAN, Atty.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, there will be sold at public sale on the premises in Bloomsburg, in said county at 10 a. m.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1902

the following described real estate, late of Joseph Decker, deceased, to wit:

Tract No. 1.—Beginning at a point on Poplar street in the Town of Bloomsburg, running thence westwardly one hundred and ninety eight feet to an alley, thence southwardly along said alley fifty feet; thence eastwardly one hundred and ninety eight feet to Poplar street; thence northwardly along said Poplar street fifty feet to the place of beginning, whereon is erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE.

and out buildings. The lot being designated as No. 33 in the general plan of East Bloomsburg.

Conditions made known on day of sale by

J. H. MAIZE,
Executor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Rebecca Merrell, late of Scott Township, deceas d.

The undersigned appointed an auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the fund in the hands of Charles C. Merrell and Thomas W. Merrell, Executors of said deceased, will sit at the office of John G. Freeze in Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, October 14, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties interested in the fund in the hands of said Executors of said deceased will appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund. ALEX C. JACKSON,
9-18 3t. Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Elias Reichard, late of the Borough of Orangeville, county of Columbia, Pa., deceased, have been granted to D. J. Foust, resident of Orange township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to D. J. FOUST,
9-18 6t. Executor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Lucinda Seesholtz, late of Bloomsburg, Pa., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Lucinda Seesholtz' late of the town of Bloomsburg, county of Columbi, Pa., deceased, have been granted to Andrew L. Fritz, resident of said town, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay. ANDREW L. FRITZ,
8-28 6t. Executor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Lockard's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office in Wirt's Building,

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Will be in Orangeville Wednesday of each week.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over B. A. Gidding's Clothing Store, Bloomsburg, Pa
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Wirt building, over Alexander Bros. 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St.
7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA.

MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TELEPHONE
EYES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED.

H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.
10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Hours:—10 to 8 Telephone.

DR. M. J. HESS
DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG PA.
Columbia & Montour Telephone connection.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner and all work warranted as represented
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

C. WATSON McKELVY.
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman)
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,108,829	$1,000,50
Penn'a, Phila.....	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,5
Queen, of N. Y....	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,60
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	426,70
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,7

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
—o—
N. W. Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
—o—
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

SADE T. VANNATTA.
(Successor to C. F. Knapp.)
GENERAL INSURANCE
Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG, PA
Oct. 31, 1901. tf *

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street,
Large and convenient sample rooms, bar rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
G. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. Williams & Son,
BLOOMSBURG PA
Public Sale Criers and General Auctioneers.
Fifteen years experience. Satisfaction guaranteed. Best returns of any sale criers in his section of the State. Write for terms and dates. We never disappoint our patrons.

STRAY PARAGRAPHS.

—Bloomsburg's big fair next week.

—You sometimes meet a woman whose word does not have as much weight as her biscuit.

—The local talent minstrel advertised for the Opera House next week has been called off.

—Don't forget the opening basket ball game of the season Friday night, Shamokin vs. Y. M. C. A.

—The Welsh Ladies' Choir of Luzerne county will give a concert in the Opera House Tuesday evening.

—We hear that a Clinton county negro has just been arrested for stealing a cow bell. He can keep the bell and have a rattling good time when he gets out.

—Scientists tell us that there are deadly microbes in kisses. The couple that have been in the habit of meeting on the steps of the old Presbyterian church may not be aware of the fact.

From Hazleton to Philadelphia by Trolley.

The granting of a charter at Harrisburg Friday to the Hazleton, Weatherly and Mauch Chunk Traction Company will make it possible to reach Philadelphia by trolley from Hazleton, a distance of 188 miles.

The new company, capitalized at $100,000, contemplates the construction of a stretch of road fifteen miles in length from Broad street, Philadelphia, via Beaver Meadow, to Weatherly, thence to Nesquehoning, where it will connect with the tracks of the Mauch Chunk Traction Company.

It will be possible to travel from Mauch Chunk to Philadelphia by trolley within three months, and from Wilkesbarre to Hazleton about the same time. The road to be built from Hazleton to Nesquehoning will furnish the required link to make the journey by electric road possible.

The officers of the new company are: Frank W. Larned, Wilkesbarre, president; Elmer Warner and Lawrence Tarleton, of Weatherly; J. M. Stauffer, of Beaver Meadow; F. W. Larned, J. K. Weitzenkorn, A. H. Bloom and Christian Walter, of Wilkesbarre, are directors.

Centennial Souvenir Book.

The Centennial Souvenir Book of Bloomsburg and vicinity is an artistic publication containing nearly fifty fine half-tone pictures. Among them are public buildings, churches, streets, views near town, and at Catawissa, Rupert, Orangeville, Briarcreek, Central, and other points. The price is only 25 cents, and it ought to be in every home. You can get nearly fifty pictures for the price of one photograph. For sale at the COLUMBIAN office.

A good canvasser wanted for Bloomsburg. 4t

Bi-County C. E. Convention.

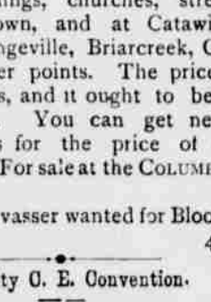
The Executive Committee of the Columbia and Montour Christian Endeavor Union met to plan for the Annual Convention to be held at Berwick, Oct. 23-24. A programme was outlined and invitations have been extended to some of the best Endeavor workers to be present.

The study of the Bible will be a prominent feature of the Convention and much is to be made of the Quiet Hour.

Endeavorers, come to Berwick and help to make the Convention of 1902 the best ever held.

SECRETARY.

Menagh and Snyder, who were warded the contract to paint the river bridge at Catawissa, commenced the work on Monday.

THE OLD RELIABLE
ROYAL


BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE

WHOLESALE ARRESTS AT CENTRALIA.

[Continued from 1st page.]

lence used and the train was not delayed over a minute.

Patrick Cain and Thomas Quigley bore out the testimony of O'Donnell, and Patrick Quigley, Robt. White, Thos. Mumford, John White, John Heins and Thomas Kerrigan declared that there were no threats made or violence used.

At the close of the testimony argument was made by Judge Herring and Fred Ikeler and the Justice held the defendants in their own recognizance for their appearance at December court. Mr. Jacoby's action in the case was wise. Had he asked for bail from each of the defendants, many of them would have been unable to furnish it, and they would have been kept in jail at the expense of the county.

After the hearing was over the men were given their suppers; forty of them were fed at the St. Elmo and the remainder were divided up between the Hedden's Hotel and Gilmore's Restaurant.

They were allowed to remain in the Court House all night. They started for home at half past eight this morning.

The Republicans say the Democratic party has no issue. The Democratic party replies that 40 per cent increase in the cost of living, without a corresponding increase in the income of the masses, is an issue. While a Republican Congress was in session; while the Republican party was in power and was able to remedy this condition of affairs, it was asked again and again to do it. Did it do so? Not a thing; the Republican party has not done one solitary thing; has not passed one act that would tend to lower the price of commodities; not one thing has been done in the way of restricting immigration, so that the labor of the American workman would be better paid.

With an enormous increase in his cost of living; with little or no increase in the amount of what he receives; with nothing done by the Republicans to force the Trusts to compete with the outside world; with nothing done to further restrict the pauper labor of Europe, is the American workman satisfied with the statement, that the Democratic party has no issue?—*Burlington County (N. J.) Democrat.*

Carlisle Indians-Bucknell Football.

Reduced Rates to Williamsport via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On account of the football game between the Carlisle Indians and Bucknell College, to be played at Williamsport on Saturday, October 12, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Williamsport, good going on October 11, and returning until October 13, inclusive, from Bellefonte, Renovo, Elmira, East Bloomsburg, Mt. Carmel, Lykens, Harrisburg, Middleburg, Coburn, and intermediate stations, at rate of a single fare for the round trip (minimum rate, 25 cents.) 2-2t

The Normal second team will meet the Catawissa eleven at Catawissa next Saturday afternoon.

Bloomsburg's Great Fair.

The 48th Annual Fair of the Columbia County Agricultural Society will be held at Bloomsburg, Oct. 7, 8, 9 and 10, 1902.

Nothing is being spared by the management to make this the best fair of all.

This is the great annual reunion of old friends. Your friends will expect to meet you at the fair.

Large purses are offered in speed program.

Novel and up-to-date attractions secured.

Wednesday's races will be 2.21 class pace, 2.22 trot 2.40 class for county horses. Thursday 2.17 pace, 2.27 trot and 2.08 class trot or pace, Friday 2.13 pace, 2.17 trot and 2.25 pace.

The outlook is very encouraging for an exceedingly large exhibit in all classes. Special rates and excursion trains on all railroads. Look for schedules at your nearest station.

Always Full of News.

The Philadelphia *Press* has one of the strongest news services in the world. Special correspondents in all the capitals of Europe and the important cities of this country; exclusive correspondents in all the cities and towns within its circulation; exclusive privileges of using all news received by the New York *World*, the New York *Tribune*, the St. Louis *Globe Democrat*, the Boston *Journal* and the Cincinnati *Commercial-Tribune*; and the service of the Associated Press keep Philadelphia's Great Home Newspaper full of the latest reliable news every day. The *Press* at one cent daily is within the reach of all, and you can hardly afford to do without it.

LONG LITIGATION ENDED.

Title to a Sullivan County Coal Tract Settled After a Legal Contest Lasting Nearly a Quarter of a Century.

What is known as the Jackson tract of coal land, lying in Sullivan County near Bernice, has been in litigation for many years, and the final struggle took place on Monday Sept. 22, at Laporte before Judge Hart of Williamsport, specially presiding.

In September 1880, B. Rush Jackson who claimed to own a third interest in this land, sold it to his sister, Emily L. Patrick of Towanda, for one thousand dollars, what would have been a very small price but for the fact that B. R. Jackson had no paper title, the estate of Geo. D. Jackson his brother, claiming to own the whole tract. This dispute was settled by a bill in equity in Bradford county, filed in 1881, and ended in 1887 by a decree of the supreme Court ordering the executors of Geo. D. Jackson to make deeds for a one third interest to the estate of Josiah Jackson his father, and one third to Emily L. Patrick, assignee of B. R. Jackson, it being found by the equity proceedings that Geo. D. Jackson held it in trust, and was the owner himself of the other third only.

On the same day that B. R. Jackson sold to Mrs. Patrick, a summons was issued by the First National Bank of Towanda against B. R. Jackron as surviving partner of Jackson Bros., and a short time afterwards a judgment was entered in Sullivan county by H. Gravely against the same parties. This latter judgment was purchased by Bernice W. Jackson, widow of Geo. D. Jackson who at one time represented this district in the state senate, and upon it an execution was issued, the one third interest of B. R. Jackson which he had previously sold to his sister was levied upon, and sold at sheriff's sale, Mrs. Jackson buying it for $50.00. So that this one third interest of B. R. Jackson was claimed by two parties, one being his sister who bought it of him for a valuable consideration; the other being a subsequent purchaser at sheriff's sale, who claimed that Jackson was insolvent at the time, and that the transfer to his sister was null and void, it having been done to defraud creditors. And upon this situation there has been twenty-one years of litigation, the details of which would be dry reading. A bill in equity was filed in Sullivan county in 1881 in which the title to the land was incidentally raised, and this was decided in favor of Mrs. Patrick in 1895 after sixteen years of litigation.

But the Jackson claimants were not yet satisfied, and still insisted on being recognized as owners, so that in order to secure a tenant who would work the mines which had been idle since 1886, a lease had to be drawn appointing a trustee to whom all royalties could be paid until the true ownership was ascertained. After using every effort to compel the Jackson claimants to bring suit in ejectment, W. L. Woodruff, son of Emily L. Patrick, did so, against the executors of Bernice W. Jackson, and this is the case that was tried at Laporte last week, resulting in an agreement that judgment should be entered for the plaintiff with the same effect as though there had been two verdicts in ejectment, thus giving the claimant under Emily L. Patrick a clear title to the one third. The royalties in the hands of the trustee amounted to nearly $13,000. And there is a large amount of coal yet to be mined

The counsel concerned in the case for the plaintiff were Grant Herring, Geo. E. Elwell of Bloomsburg, E. J. Mullen of Laporte and R. J. Thompson of Dushore. Of these Mr. Elwell had been connected with the case since 1889. Judge Elwell was counsel up to the time of his death in 1895. For the defendant were R. A. Mercur of Towanda, Seth McCormick and Addison Candor of Williamsport, and A. Walsh of Dushore. Mr. Mercur is the only living counsel who was connected from the beginning in 1881.

More than twelve people who have been connected with the cases have died since the litigation began, including all the original parties, two judges, a master in chancery and a number of attorneys. The case in different forms has been three times in the Supreme Court, and would no doubt have reached there twice more but for the settlement which has just been effected.

The Artificial Ice Company could not manufacture any ice last week owing to the non arrival of an invoice of ammonia. They supplied their customers with ice secured from Creasy Bros. of Catawissa and Pocono Mountain.

Up Stairs Down Stairs **More Room** **It's Needed**

This is a time when it's befitting to paraphrase; necessity is the mother of expansion. In this case expansion is more applicable than invention.

MORE ROOM—You, our patrons prompt us, yes, compel us to keep on building, enlarging, and we obey, willingly.

Flannelette Shirt Waists.

All the newest shades of green, red, blue, pink, grey and tan stripes, made with double box plaits. A good imitation of French flannels. Price $1.00.

Walking Skirts.

A good style skirt in grey and black made with slot seams inverted plaits at bottom with six rows of stitching and seams, finished with straps and buttons, price $7.50.

Dress Skirts.

One of the latest styles in black dress skirts is made with box plaits from waist to bottom of skirt with two groups of taffeta bands. Lined with good percaline nicely made, price $7.50.

Fur Collars.

Real Martin Collar with nice tails, full at neck and equal to the kind we sold last year at $7.50. A nice lot of these now, but probably none later at the special price of $5.00.

Neck Ruffs.

Cant describe, too many, white, white and black, black and white, black, complete new stock, $1.00 to $12.50.

Infants Caps.

Silk caps in plain, or with ruching around face. More kinds than you may care to see, all sizes, 25c. to $1.50.

Ladies' Coats.

Every day brings new garments to our stock, more kinds now than at any time in the past. They are new and different from others, and our garments fit. Kersey Monte Carlo, nicely trimmed, $10.00.

Children's Coats.

The hard sizes to find, the kinds of coats mothers can't make to please themselves. We have them in cloths or velveteens, all colors, for 2 to 5 year sizes, $2.00 to $6.00.

Blankets.

Wool blankets, part wool blankets, cotton blankets, white, grey and red, 49c. to $7.50 pair,

Fancy Ribbons.

New stripes in all silk taffeta ribbons, worth at regular price, 25c., this special lot at 19c. yd.

Infant's Cloaks.

Long cashmere cloaks in plain or trimmed, lined and wadded, but can be washed, $1.00 to $5.00.

Reduced Curtains.

We want to start our new curtain department with new stock, hence we offer $3.00 lace curtains, 3½ yds. long, and in several patterns, at per pair $2.45.

White Curtain Poles 10c.

While we are making room for our curtain department we offer 15c. white poles with ends and brackets, complete, for each, 10 cents.

Kid Gloves.

Our best selling glove is the dollar 2-clasp, in all colors. We have tried many kinds and find this glove best wearing of anything at $1.00 per pair.

R. E. Hartman,
SUCCESSOR TO
I. W. HARTMAN & SON
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

POSTPONED!

As many of our readers already know we were compelled on account of continuous rains to postpone our advertised sales on "East End Park," and we have therefore decided to hold three grand sales there on

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
OCTOBER 2, 3 AND 4,
At 2 P. M. Each Day.

100 LOTS---During these three sales we will positively sell 100 Lots at public auction without reserve or limit.

100 PRESENTS.---During these sales we will give away 100 presents each day, not to those who buy, but to those who attend.

"EAST END PARK"
On Berwick Road and Trolley Line, just beyond Eighth St. A beautiful tract. Come out and see, and remember you buy
AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

New England Suburban Improvement Co.
Local Office, 120 West Main Street.

Mr. Herbert Harris of Milton, and Miss Mary E. Savidge of Northumberland were married last week. The bride is a graduate of the Normal. She is well known and has many friends in Bloomsburg, who extend best wishes.

Next week during the Fair the town will be full of crooks as usual. Keep your premises securely locked when away from home, and do not leave any money or other valuables lying around loose. When in a crowd look out for pickpockets.

Lack of coal has compelled the Pennsylvania Paper Mills at Catawissa to close down. This is the second time that the mills have had to close because of the scarcity of coal.

"The Fatal Wedding" gave excellent satisfaction to a standing room only audience at the Opera House Thursday evening. The company was booked here for a return engagement on Dec. 27, but owing to their failure to use special scenery as agreed, the contract was cancelled.

For the annual encampment, G. A. R., the Lackawanna Railroad will sell round trip tickets to Washington, D. C., at rate of one fare. Tickets will be sold October 4th to 7th, and will be good for return leaving Washington up to October 14th. Upon payment of fifty cents additional return limit will be extended to November 3rd. Stop-over will be allowed at two points in each direction. Special excursion fares will be granted from Washington to nearby battlefields.